IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF THE TERMINATION OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 1

When a mandate from the Supreme Court of the United States or the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals is received in the District Clerk's office indicating the affirmance of all or a portion of a judgment and sentence of conviction, the District Clerk shall comply with the following procedures:

- (A) In all cases where the sentence affirmed requires imprisonment of the defendant, the Clerk is authorized and directed to enter an order (pursuant to this General Order) directing the surrender of the defendant to the United States Marshal. The Clerk is given the authority to order the surrender forthwith or, for good cause, to grant an extension not to exceed fourteen (14) days from the date his office receives the mandate, provided, however, that for mandates received on or after December 1 of a given calendar year and before and including December 24, the Clerk shall order the surrender of the defendant to the United States Marshal on the first business day of the Marshal's office after January 1 of the next calendar year. A form order will suffice, such as the copy attached hereto. A copy of the order shall, immediately after entry thereof, be delivered to the United States Marshal's office.
- (B) Where the sentence affirmed requires no imprisonment, but requires a period of probation and/or a fine, the District Clerk will advise the Probation Office of the receipt of the mandate by an appropriate notice, which may be in the form of the notice attached hereto. This notice may be mailed or delivered to the United States Probation Office.

The order or notice required of the Clerk by this General Order shall be entered or given by the Clerk not later than the next working day after the receipt of the mandate. Copies of the order or notice required will also be forwarded forthwith to the United States Attorney's Office, to the defendant's attorney, and to the bondsman for the defendant, if any, by regular mail.

ENTERED this 7th day of December, 1978.

FOR THE COURT:

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele
GARNETT THOMAS EISELE, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

/s/ Oren Harris
OREN HARRIS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Amended November 10, 2009

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

(Style of Criminal Case)

ORDER TO SURRENDER

The judgment and sentence of the Court requiring the imprisonment of the defendant(s) having been affirmed and the mandate of the appellate court having been received in the Clerk's office for the Eastern District of Arkansas,

It is hereby Ordered, pursuant to the General Order of this Court dated the 12th day of June, 1975, that the defendant(s) surrender to the custody of the United States Marshal by presenting himself at the office of the United States Marshal, Room 416, United States Post Office and Court House, Little Rock, Arkansas, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon on the _____ day of ______, 19___.

Entered this _____ day of ______, 19___.

FOR THE COURT

(Alternative)

(Style of Criminal Case)

ORDER TO SURRENDER

The judgment and sentence of the Court requiring the imprisonment of the defendant(s) having been affirmed and the mandate of the appellate court having been received in the Clerk's office for the Eastern District of Arkansas,

It is hereby Ordered, pursuant to the General Order of this Court dated the 12th day of June, 1975, that the defendant(s) surrender forthwith to the United States Marshal at Room 416, United States Post Office and Court House, Little Rock, Arkansas.

Entered this day of	, 19
	FOR THE COURT
	United States District Clerk

(To the United States Probation Office)

NOTICE OF RECEIPT OF MANDATE

On the day of	, 19, the Clerk's office for the Eastern District
of Arkansas received the mandate fro	m the appellate court affirming a judgment and sentence of
conviction requiring the defendant to	serve a period of probation and/or to pay a fine.
You are hereby notified to take	e jurisdiction of the case for the purpose of carrying out the
sentence of the Court.	
Dated this day of	, 19
	Heirad States District Clads
	United States District Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN RE STUDENT PRACTICE RULE

GENERAL ORDER NO. 15

The judges of this Court hereby adopt the attached Student Practice Rule for the Eastern District of Arkansas

DATED this 16th day of May, 1980.

FOR THE COURT

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele
GARNETT THOMAS EISELE, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

STUDENT PRACTICE RULE FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

A. Admission and Representation

Any eligible law student in a law school accredited by the Arkansas Bar Association may, under the conditions stated herein, interview and advise clients, prepare documents for filing with the Court, negotiate, and appear before any magistrate or district court judge in this district.

B. Eligibility

For a student to be eligible to practice under this Rule, the following requirements must be met:

- The conduct of the case must be under the supervision of a member of the bar of this Court;
 - a. All documents prepared by the student and filed with the Court shall be signed by the student and the supervising attorney.
 - b. When a student appears at the taking of an oral deposition, the supervising attorney must be present.
 - c. The supervising attorney must be present with and prepared to assist the student at any court appearance.
 - d. The supervising attorney must assume full professional responsibility for the student's work.
- 2. The student must be in his or her final two semesters of law school.
- 3. No fee may be charged or collected from any person for the student's representation. This does not bar any legal aid organization or any lawyer from compensating the student for services rendered.

4. Written consent must be given by the supervising attorney and by the client for the student to be eligible to practice under this Rule.

C. Certification

Certification of a student by a law school shall be filed with the clerk of the Court, attesting that the student is in the final two semesters of law school. Upon the filing of said certification, the student shall be authorized to practice pursuant to this Rule.

D. Termination

Certification shall terminate if the student does not take the first bar examination following his or her graduation, or if he or she fails it, or if he or she is admitted to full practice before the Court. Otherwise, unless sooner withdrawn by the dean or terminated by a judge of this Court, the certification shall remain in effect for twelve months after the date filed or unless, upon application by the dean of the law school, the Chief Judge of the district shall extend the privilege. The law school may withdraw the certification at any time by submitting a notice to that effect to the clerk of the Court. It is not necessary that the notice state the cause for the withdrawal. Any judge of this Court may terminate the admission to limited practice at any time without notice or hearing of showing of cause.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN RE MAGISTRATE DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

GENERAL ORDER NO. 17

Under the Rules of this Court, the full-time United States Magistrates of this district are

authorized to conduct debtor examinations. On occasion, persons who have been summoned to

appear at such examinations fail to do so, and it appears that there is a need to direct such persons

to show cause why they should not be held in contempt of court.

THEREFORE, the Court hereby authorizes the full-time Magistrates of this district to issue

show cause orders, conduct necessary hearings on such matters, and to report and recommend to

the District Court the action they feel should be taken.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 24th day of February, 1981.

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele
GARNETT THOMAS EISELE, CHIEF JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN AND WESTERN DISTRICTS OF ARKANSAS

IN RE FULL-TIME UNITED STATES MAGISTRATES

GENERAL ORDER NO. 19

Pursuant to the authorization of the Judicial Conference of the United States at its September, 1980, meeting, the full-time United States magistrates in both the Eastern and Western Districts of Arkansas are hereby authorized to perform the duties of a magistrate in either district of the state.

DATED this 21st day of August, 1981.

FOR THE COURT

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele
Garnett Thomas Eisele, Chief Judge

Eastern District of Arkansas

/s/ Paul X. Williams

Paul X. Williams, Chief Judge Western District of Arkansas



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

AUS 2 3 2005

JAMES XV. MCORMACK, CLE.
By: 12780

ORDER AMENDING FORFEITURE OF COLLATERAL SCHEDULES

Effective this date, Schedule D of General Order No. 20, referencing Title 36, Section 327.2b, "Parking vehicles in violation of posted restrictions" is amended by substituting "\$15.00" for "\$75.00" and Schedule E of General Order No. 20 is no longer in effect.

IT IS SO ORDERED this $\gamma \gamma$ day of August, 2005.

FOR THE COURT:

LEON HOLMES, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 20

(Formerly Court Rule No. 22) (Filed March 12, 1982)

An order relating to the disposition of misdemeanors as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. §3401.

Forfeiture of Collateral

As authorized by Rule 4 of the Rules of Procedure for the Trial of Misdemeanors Before United States Magistrate, adopted by the Supreme Court of the United States by Order dated June 1, 1980, those petty offenses named in the Schedules of Offenses and attached hereto may be disposed of by payment of a fixed sum as provided in said schedule in lieu of a personal appearance before a Magistrate. On receipt by the Clerk of such payment, the proceedings shall be terminated.

Petty offenses are those offenses as defined in 18 U.S.C. §1(3), whether originating under the applicable federal statutes or regulations or under the applicable state statutes, by virtue of the Assimilated Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. §13), occurring within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States Magistrate, including, but not limited to, areas within the boundaries of the United States Military installations, bases, and outposts; Veterans Administration Hospitals; United States Forest Service lands; navigable waterways and reservoirs coming under the jurisdiction of the United States Army Corps of Engineers;

grounds and buildings coming under the jurisdiction of the General Services Administration; or any other area under the exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction of the United States. The schedule of offenses are set out in schedules attached to this order and grouped according to the agency involved.

Upon failure of a person charged with an offense or offenses to appear before the designated United States Magistrate for trial of the offenses listed in the schedules attached, the collateral in the amount specified shall be forfeited to the United States, and the posting of said collateral shall signify that the said offender does not contest the charge nor request a hearing before the designated United States Magistrate. If the collateral is forfeited, such action shall be tantamount to a finding of guilty.

Nothing contained in this Rule shall prohibit a law enforcement officer from arresting a person for the commission of any offense, including those for which collateral may be posted and forfeited, and requiring the person charged to appear before a United States Magistrate, or, upon arrest, taking him immediately before a United States Magistrate.

Where an asterisk (*) is inserted next to the listed violation, no forfeiture will be permitted.

In all other petty offense proceedings, unless otherwise authorized in a specific case, the violator must personally appear before the United States Magistrate for disposition of the charge or for other proceedings directed by law.

All hearings on mandatory appearances or requests to appear will be held by the full-time United States Magistrates in Little Rock; but, for god cause shown and by order of the full-time United States Magistrates, the case may be transferred to another Magistrate.

The offenses for which collateral may be posted in lieu of appearance of a person charged with said offense are set forth in Schedule A, Forest Service; Schedule B, Veterans Administration; Schedule C, General Services Administration; Schedule D, United States Army Corps of Engineers; Schedule E, United States Air Force; Schedule F, National Fish and Wildlife; and Schedule G, National Park Service.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing schedules of collateral, the United States Magistrate may, upon notice to the Clerk of the Court and to the United States agency involved, reduce collateral for any category of offenses within any stated area within his territorial jurisdiction.

CENTRAL VIOLATIONS BUREAU

There is established in the office of the Clerk at Denver, Colorado, a Central Vilations Bureau. This Bureau shall maintain a record of violation notices transmitted by enforcement agencies, a record of all payments made pursuant to Paragraph 1 herein, and shall give appropriate appearance notices to those violators whose offenses are not disposed of as provided in Paragraph 1. The Bureau shall transmit to the Magistrates those notices which require personal appearances and shall maintain other appropriate records as may be necessary to effect the prompt disposition of petty offenses.

There shall be maintained in the office of the Clerk of the Court, in the Central Violations Bureau at Denver, Colorado, and with each United States Magistrate a current list of the petty offenses and the fines applicable thereto for which forfeiture of collateral security may be accepted.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1982.

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele

Chief Judge United States District Court

SCHEDULE A

36 CFR (Subpart A)

U.S. Department of Agriculture forest Service

36 CFR 261.3 Interfering with Forest Officers

(a) Interfering with Forest	\$350.00
Officers prohibited	
(b) Giving false, fictitious	\$250.00
or fraudulent information	
to Forest Officer	
(c) Interfering with Forest	\$150.00
Volunteer, Human	
Resource Enrollee	
prohibited	

36 CFR 261-4 Disorderly Conduct

(a) Engaging in fighting	\$200.00
(b) Direct annoying	
verbiage to individual,	\$150.00
causing individual to	
engage in acts of	
violence	
(c) Inciting-lawless action	\$200.00
(d) Making unreasonable	\$100.00
noise	

36 CFR 261-5 Fire

(a) Carelessly or \$150.00 negligently placing or throwing substance that may cause fire \$100.00 (b) Firing tracer bullet (c) Causing timber(etc.) \$250.00 to burn without permit (d) Leaving campfire \$100.00 without extinguishing (e) Allowing fire to escape \$150.00 (f) Building campfire without removing \$ 50.00 flammable materials from area

36 CFR 261.6 Timber and Other Forest Products

,	
(a) Cutting or otherwise	\$300.00
damaging any forest	
product without	
authority	·
(b) Cutting non-	\$300.00
designated timber	
(c) Removing timber	\$250.00
before scaled	
(d) Counterfeit marking	*
of timber	
(e) Loading (etc.) timber	\$300.00
acquired under permit in	· ·.
violation of contract	
(f) Selling timber	\$100.00
acquired by free use	
permit	
(g) Violating timber	\$250.00
export substitution	
restriction	
(h) Removing forest	\$300.00
product without permit or	
contract	_
(i) Violating Forest	\$*
Resources Act	,
of 1990	

*No forfeiture permitted – persons charged must appear for trial.

36 CFR 261.7 Livestock

(a) Allowing	\$300.00
unauthorized livestock	
on National Forest Land	
(b) Refusal to remove	*
livestock	
(c) Failure to re-close	\$100.00
gate	
(d) Injuring or releasing	*
impounded livestock	

36 CFR 261.8 Fish and Wildlife

(a) Hunting, trapping,	\$150.00
fishing	#500.00
(a) Hunting, taking,	\$500.00
possession of big game	
(a) Hunting big game in	\$500.00
closed season.	٠ .
(a) Hunting without valid	\$250.00
license	
(a) Hunting from road	\$250.00
(a) Night Hunting	\$500.00
(a) Baiting wildlife on	\$300.00
W.M.A.	
(a) Baiting Bear	\$300.00
(a) Fishing without valid	\$150.00
license	
(a) Possessing fish in	\$150.00
slot limit	
(a) Possession of over	\$150.00
limit fish.	
(b) Possessing firearms,	\$150.00
etc or implement	
(b) Possession of	\$150.00
firearm in W.M.A during	
closed season.	
(c) Possessing	\$100.00
equipment for hunting,	
fishing, trapping, etc	
(d) Possessing dog not	\$100.00
on leash	
(e) Curtailing free	\$100.00
movement of animal or	
plant from cave.	

36 CFR 261.9	
<u>Property</u>	
(a) Damaging natural	\$300.00
feature or other property	٠.
of U.S.	:
(b) Removing natural	\$300.00
feature or other property	
of U.S.	i .
(c) Damaging plant	
classified as threatened,	\$300.00
endangered, sensitive,	
rare, or unique	
(d) Removing plant	
classified as threatened,	\$300.00
endangered, rare or	•
unique	
(e) Unauthorized	\$300.00
entrance of U.S.	4555,55
building, structure, or	
enclosed area	
(f) Unauthorized use of	\$300.00
herbicide, pesticide, or	\$500.00
fungicide	
(g) Digging in,	
excavating,	\$500.00
disturbing, injuring,	\$300.00
destroying, or in any	
way damaging any	,
prehistoric, historic, or	ļ
archaeological resource,	}
structure, site, artifact, or	
property	
(h) Removing any	
prehistoric, historic, or	\$500.00
archaeological resource,	\$300.00
structure, site, artifact, or	
property	·
(i) Excavating,	
damaging, or	\$500.00
	φουσ.σσ
removing any vertebrate fossil or any	
paleontological	
resource for commercial	
T .	
purposes without a	
special use authorization	\$*
(j) Excavating,	Φ .
damaging or removing	,
cave resource without	

authorization
*No forfeiture permitted – persons charged must appear for trial

36 CFR 261.10 Occupancy and Use

(a) Constructing roads,	\$300.00
structures, etc without	
authorization	
(b) Using National	\$150.00
Forest land for	
residential purposes	
(c) Unauthorized selling	\$100.00
or offering	· [
for sale merchandise,	
activity,	
or service	·.
(d) Discharging firearms	\$150.00
or other	
weapons	
(e) Abandoning personal	\$250.00
property	A.T.
(f) Placing vehicles or	\$150.00
other objects	ļ [
in an impediment to]
others	
(g) Commercial	\$*
distribution of printed	
material w/out	
authorization	\$*
(h) When commercially	. 4
distributing printed material, interfering with	
use of an area, or	
misrepresenting the]
purposes, affiliation of	
those selling or	
distributing the material	•
or misrepresenting the	[]
availability of the	
material without cost	
(i) Causing disturbance	\$100.00
by use of audio devices	7
or motors	
(j) Using public address	\$ 50.00
system without approval	
(k) Use of NFS land or	\$200.00
facilities without special	
use authorization when	
required	
(I) Violating term or	\$200.00
condition of permit	

^{*}No forfeiture permitted – persons charged must appear for trial

(m) Failing to stop	\$500.00
vehicle when directed by	
Forest Officer	
(n) Failure to pay special	\$100.00
use fee or other charges	
(o) Discharging a	\$*
firework or explosive into	
or within cave	

^{*}No forfeiture permitted – persons charged must appear for trial

\$100.00

36 CFR 261.11 Sanitation

(a) Unauthorized

(a) Depositing damaging	\$100.00
objects in	
plumbing fixtures	
(b) Possessing or	\$300.00
leaving refuse in	
unsanitary condition	,
(c) Pollution of waters	\$500.00
(d) Failing to dispose of	\$150.00
garbage properly	
(e) Unauthorized	\$500.00
dumping of refuse	

36 CFR 261.12 Forest Development Roads and Trails

(4) 01.441.61.450	Ψ.00.00
violations of load and	
weight limitations	
(b) Failure to have	\$100.00
vehicle weighed when	
required	
(c) Leaving road or trail	\$200.00
in damaged condition	
(d) Interfering with use	\$200.00
of road,	
trail, or gate	

36 CFR 261.13 Use of Vehicles Off Roads

(a) Without valid license	\$100.00
(b) Without operable	\$100.00
braking	
system	,
(c) Without operable	\$100.00
lights during	
designated period	
(d) Violation of noise	\$100.00
emission	
L_x	

(e) Being under the	*
influence of	
alcohol or other drug	
(f) Creating excessive	\$100.00
smoke	
(g) Disregarding safety	\$300.00
of persons	
or property	·
(h) Using vehicles in a	\$300.00
manner	
which disturbs land,	
wildlife, or vegetative	
resources	
(i) Operating a vehicle in	\$200.00
violation	
of state law for ORVs	

36 CFR 261.14 Developed Recreation Sites		
(a) Occupancy for	\$ 100.00	
purposes other		
than recreation		
(b) Building a fire except	\$ 100.00	
in authorized structures		
(c) Improper use of	\$ 100.00	
hydrant or faucet		
(d) Discharging	\$ 100.00	
fireworks or explosives		
(e) Occupancy of day	\$ 100.00	
use areas during	1	
unauthorized hours		
(f) Failure to remove	\$100.00	
personal property when]	
vacating campsite		
(g) Placing camping	\$ 100.00	
equipment		
in unauthorized areas		
(h) Noncompliance of	\$ 100.00	
first-night occupancy		
requirement		
36 CFR 261.14] [
continued		
	·	
(i) Leaving camping	\$ 100.00	
equipment unattended		
for more than 24 hrs		
(j) Bringing animals on	\$ 100.00	
site unless leashed or	,	
otherwise restrictively		
controlled		
(k) Bringing animal into	\$ 100.00	

(I) Bringing or	\$ 100.00
possessing a saddle,	
pack, or draft animal	
except as	
authorized by posted	
instructions	
(m) Operating or parking	\$ 100.00
motor vehicle in	
undesignated areas	. :
(n) Operating bicycle or	\$ 100.00
motorcycle on	
undesignated trail	
(o) Operating motor	\$ 100.00
vehicle on site except	
when entering or leaving	
(p) Depositing body	\$ 150.00
waste except in	
designated areas	
	·

36 CFR 261.15

Failure to pay admission, recreation use, and special recreation permit fees

\$30.00

36 CFR 261.16 National Forest Wilderness

(a) Possession or use of	\$300.00
motor vehicle, motor	
boat or motorized	
equipment	
(b) Possession or use of	\$150.00
hang glider or bicycle	
(c) Landing of aircraft or	\$100.00
use of aircraft to drop or	
pick up persons or	
supplies, unless	
authorized	

36 CFR 261.20 Unauthorized Use of "Smokey Bear" and "Woodsy Owl" Symbol

(a) Manufacture,	\$100.00
importation,	
reproduction, or use of	
"Smokey Bear" symbol	
exceptas provided by	
regulation	
(b) Manufacture,	\$100.00
importation,	•
reproduction, or use of	•
"Woodsy Owl" symbol	
except as provided by	
regulation	
Togulation	

¹ 36 CFR (Subpart B)
(To be used only with Supervisor's Order)

36 CFR 261.52

<u>Fire</u>

(a) Building, maintaining,	\$150.00
attending or using a fire,	
campfire, or stove fire	
(b) Using an explosive	*
(c) Smoking	\$150.00
(d) Smoking outside	
enclosed	\$150.00
vehicle, building,	
developed recreation	
site, or outside 3-foot	
barren area	
(e) Going into or being	\$150.00
upon an	
area	
(f) Possessing,	\$150.00
discharging, or using	
fireworks or other	
pyrotechnic devices	
(g) Entering area without	\$ 50.00
firefighting tool	·
prescribed by order	
(h) Operating internal	\$ 50.00
combustion	
engine	
(i) Welding or operating	\$ 50.00
torch with	
open flame	
(j) Operating engine	\$ 50.00
without	
properly installed and	
maintained spark	
arresting device which	
complies with	
appropriate standards	A. =
(k) Violating state	\$150.00
burning or fire	
laws	

36 CFR 260.53

Special Closures - Going into or being upon an area closed for the protection of:

(a) Threatened,	\$300.00
endangered, rare,	
unique, or vanishing	
species of	
nlante animale hirde or	

fish	
(b) Special biological	\$300.00
communities	
(c) Objects or areas of	\$300.00
historical,	
archaeological,	
geological, or	
paleontological interest	
(d) Scientific	\$300.00
experiments or	
investigations	
(e) Public health or	\$300.00
safety	
(f) Property	\$300.00

36 CFR 261.54 Forest Development Roads – the following are prohibited:

·	
(a) Using prohibited vehicle	\$200.00
(b) Use by any type of	\$200.00
traffic	
prohibited	
(c) Using road for	\$250.00
commercial	
hauling without permit	
(d) Operating vehicle in	\$200.00
violation of	
speed, load, weight,	
height,	
length, width, or other	
limitations	
specified by the order	
(d) Speeding:	
Exceeding 1-10 miles	
per hour over posted	\$100.00
limit	
Exceeding 11-30 miles	\$150.00
per hour over	
Posted limit	\$200.00
Exceeding more than	
30 miles per hour over	
posted limit	
(d) Operating motor	\$150.00
vehicle on expired	_
license	Fn
(d) Operating motor	\$300.00
vehicle on suspended	
license	
(d) Operating motor	\$100.00
vehicle in violation of	

equipment, no helmet	
(d) D.U.I.	*
(d) Driving on revoked	*
license	
(e) Being on the road	\$200.00
(f) Reckless operation	\$350.00
of motor vehicle	

36 CFR 261.55

Forest Development Trails - the following are prohibited:

(a) Being on the trail	\$100.00
(b) Using any type of	\$200.00
prohibited vehicle	
(c) Using any type of	
traffic or mode of	\$200.00
transport prohibited by	
order	
(d) Operating a vehicle	\$100.00
in violation of size	
limitations specified by	
order	
(e) Shortcutting a	\$100.00
switchback	

^{*}No forfeiture permitted – persons charged must appear for trial

36 CFR 261.56

Use of vehicles off forest development roads.

\$200.00

36 CFR 261.57

National Forest Wilderness - the following are prohibited:

·	
(a) Entering or being in	\$100.00
the area	
(b) Possessing camping	\$100.00
or pack-	
outfitting equipment	-
(c) Possessing firearm	\$100.00
or firework	
(d) Possessing	\$100.00
nonburnable food	
or beverage containers,	
except for nonburnable	_
containers designed or	_
intended for repeated	
use	
(e) Grazing	\$100.00
(f) Storing equipment,	\$100.00
personal	

(g) Disposing of debris,	\$250.00
garbage,	
or other waste	
(h) Possessing or using	\$ 50.00
a wagon, cart, or other	
vehicle	

36 CFR 261.58 Occupancy and Use – the following are prohibited:

36 CFR 261.58 Occupancy and Use – 1	he followir
(a) Camping for period	\$100.00
longer	
than allowed	1
(b) Entering or using	\$100.00
developed	
recreation site	4.00.00
(c) Unauthorized	\$100.00
entering or	
remaining in	
campground during night periods	. [
(d) Occupying	\$100.00
developed recreation	\$100.00
site with prohibited	
camping equipment	
(e) Camping	\$100.00
(f) Excessive number of	\$ 50.00
users in	Ψ 30.00
campsite	1
(g) Parking or leaving	\$ 50.00
vehicle in	* 55.55
violation of posted	1
instructions	1
(h) Parking or leaving	\$ 50.00
vehicle	J I
outside assigned]
parking spot	
(i) Parking or leaving	\$ 50.00
more than two vehicles	ļ
except motorcycles or	1
bicycles per camp unit	
(j) Being publicly nude	\$100.00
(k) Entering or being in a	\$100.00
body of water	
(I) Being in area after	\$100.00
sundown or before	-
sunrise	
(m) Discharging	\$100.00
firearms, air rifle, or gas	
gun (n) Possessing or	# FO 00
Operating motor host	\$ 50.00
	-

e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
(o) Water skiing	\$ 50.00
(p) Storing or leaving	\$ 50.00
boat or raft	# 100 00
(q) Operating watercraft in excess of posted	\$100.00
speed limit	
(r) Undesignated boat	\$ 50.00
launching	\$ 50.00
(s) Possessing or	\$ 50.00
transporting a bird, fish	
or animal	4400.00
(t) Possessing or	\$100.00
transporting any part of a tree or plant	
(t) Possession of less	\$400.00
than one half ounce of	
marijuana	
(t) Possession of one	\$700.00
half ounce to one ounce	Ψ, σσισσ
of marijuana	
(t) Possession of one	. *
ounce or more of	
marijuana	
(u) Unauthorized	\$100.00
presence in area	'
between 10 p.m. and 6	
a.m.	
(v) Hunting or fishing	\$150.00
(w) Possessing or	\$100.00
transporting motor or	
mechanical device	
capable of propelling	
watercraft	
(x) Using mechanical	\$ 50.00
device for overland	
transport of watercraft	
(y) Landing of aircraft or	\$100.00
dropping or picking up	
material or person with	:
aircraft	# 400.00
(z) Entering or being on lands or waters in the	\$100.00
National Wild and	
Scenic Rivers System	
	\$100.00
(aa) Riding, hitching, tethering or hobbling	φ ι υυ.υυ
horse or pack animal in	
violation of posted	-
instructions	
(bb) Possessing	\$ 50.00
beverage defined by	
state law as an alcoholic	
beverage	
	l

(bb) Possession of an	\$200.00
1	Ψ200.00
alcoholic beverage by a	•
person under 21 years	
of age	
(bb) Open container in a	\$100.00
motor vehicle	
(cc) Possessing or	\$ 35.00
stoning any food or	
refuse	
(dd) Reserved	
(ee) Depositing any	\$*
body waste in caves	
except into designated	
receptacies	

^{*}No forfeiture permitted - persons charged must appear for trial

Should circumstances warrant, nothing herein shall preclude the Issuing Officer's prerogative to make any offense a mandatory appearance.

Collateral Payment of Violation Notices

Send to:

Central Violations Bureau P O Box 740026 Atlanta, Georgia 30374-0026 (1-800-827-2982)

CVB Copies of Violation Notices

Send to:

Central Violations Bureau P O Box 780549 San Antonio, TX 78278-0549 (210) 308-3776 or 1-800-827-2982

SCHEDULE B VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

APPLICABLE	REGULATION 0	FFENSE	COLLATERAL
38 CFR 5 1.218(b)			
(1)	Improper Disposal of on property		\$ 25
(2)	Spitting on property		5
(3)	Throwing of articles or the unauthorized part of a building.	climbing upon a	any
(4)	Willful destruction, of government proper zation	ty without auth	noval nori- 50
(5)	Defacement, destruct or injury to, or rem of, gravemaker or be	oval, or distu	rbance
(6)	Failure to comply wi directive and restri posted for safety pu	ctive nature	15
(7)	Tampering with, remo destruction of poste		
(8)	Entry into area post the public or others		
(9)	Unauthorized demonst in a national cemete Veterans Administrat	ry or on other	
(10)	Creating a disturban burial ceremony		25
(11)	Disorderly conduct we boisterous, and unus obstructs the normal exits, foyers, office elevators, and stair tends to impede or properation of a servithe facility	ual noise, or w use of entrances, es, corridors, ways, or which revent the norm	which ces, mal
(12)	Failure to depart prunauthorized persons		10

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL ARE CLASS (B) MISDEMEANORS \$10.00 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS

*No forfeiture permitted - persons charged must appear

for trial.

PPLICABLE	REGULATION	OFFENSE	COLLATERAL
38 CFR 5 1.218(b)			
(24)		comply with traffic of hospital police	. \$ 15
(25)		spaces posted as reserved ally disabled persons	25
(26)	crosswalks	no-parking areas, lanes, or so posted or marked by yellow stripes	
(27)	areas, and as EMERGEN PIRE LANE,	emergency vehicle spaces, lanes bordered in red or pCY VEHICLES ONLY or or parking within 15 fire hydrant	oosted 20
(28)		thin an intersection or blo ehicle entrance or posted o	
(29)		spaces posted as reserved of a posted time limit	
(30)	Pailing to stop sign	come to a complete stop at	t a 15 .
(31)		yield to a pedestrian in a posted crosswalk	15
(32)	Driving in one-way st	the wrong direction on a preet	oosted ••• 10
(33-)	unsafe man:	of a vehicle in a reckless ner,drag racing, overriding leaving the roadway	1
(34)	(i) by u (ii) by u	posted speed limits p to 10 m.p.h	10 15 30
(35)	hospital o muffler cu	xcessive noise in a r cemetery zone by t out, excessive use of other means	15
(36.)	Failure to	yield right of way to other	er

11 L DACINOBO		1 0.4.2
38 CFR (5 1,218(b)		
(37)	Possession of firearms, carried either openly or concealed, whether loaded or unloaded (except by Federal or State law enforcement officers on official business)	50
(38)	Introduction or possession of explosive devices which fire a pro- jectile, ammunition, combustibles	*
(39)	Knives which exceed a blade length of 3 inches; switchblade knives; any of the variety of hatchets, clubs, and hand-held weapons; and brass knuckles	50
(40)	The unauthorized possession of any of the variety of incapacitating liquid or gas-emitting weapons	5 0
(41)	Unauthorized possession, manufacture, or use of keys or barrier card-type keys to rooms or areas on the property	50
(42)	The surreptitious opening, or attempted opening, of locks or card-operated barrier mechanisms on property	*
(43)	Soliciting for, or the act of, prostitution	*
(44)	Any unlawful sexual activity	*
(45)	Jogging, bicycling, sledding or any recreational physical activity conducted on cemetery grounds	10-

^{*}No forfeiture permitted — persons charged must appear for trial.

Federal Management Regulation Title 41, Code of Federal Regulations, part 102-74 Subpart C—Conduct on Federal Property

APPLICABILITY § 102–74.365

The rules in this subpart apply to all property under the authority of the United States General Services Administration and to all persons entering in or on such property. Each occupant agency shall be responsible for the observance of these rules and regulations. Federal agencies must post the notice in the Appendix to this part 102-74 at each public entrance to each Federal facility.

INSPECTION § 102–74.370

Federal agencies may, at their discretion, inspect packages, briefcases and other containers in the immediate possession of visitors, employees or other persons arriving on, working at, visiting, or departing from Federal property. Federal agencies may conduct a full search of a person and the vehicle the person is driving or occupying upon his or her arrest.

ADMISSION TO PROPERTY

§ 102-74.375

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

Federal agencies must:

- (a) Close property to the public during other than normal working hours. In those instances where a Federal agency has approved the after-normal working-hours use of buildings or portions thereof for activities authorized by subpart D of this part, Federal agencies must not close the property (or affected portions thereof) to the public.
- (b) Close property to the public during working hours only when situations require this action to ensure the orderly conduct of Government business. The designated official under the Occupant Emergency Program may make such decision only after consultation with the buildings manager and the highest-ranking representative of the law enforcement organization responsible for protection of the property or the area. The designated official is defined in § 102–71.20 of this chapter as the highest ranking official of the primary occupant agency, or the alternate highest ranking official or designee selected by mutual agreement by other occupant agency officials.
- (c) Ensure, when property or a portion thereof is closed to the public, that admission to the property, or the affected portion, is restricted to authorized persons who must register upon entry to the property and must, when requested, display Government or other identifying credentials to Federal police officers or other authorized individuals when entering, leaving or while on the property.

Failure to comply with any of the applicable provisions is a violation of these regulations.

PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

§ 102-74.380

Penalty: Mandatory Court Appearance and fine of not less than \$50.00 or not more than \$50.00 plus the value of the property taken, damaged or destroyed.

All persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from

- (a) Improperly disposing of rubbish on property;
- (b) Willfully destroying or damaging property;
- (c) Stealing property;
- (d) Creating any hazard on property to persons or things;
- (e) Throwing articles of any kind from or at a building or the climbing upon statues, fountains or any part of the building.

CONFORMITY WITH SIGNS AND DIRECTIONS

§ 102–74.385

Penalty: \$75.00 fine

Persons in and on property must at all times comply with official signs of a prohibitory, regulatory or directory nature and with the lawful direction of Federal police officers and other authorized individuals.

DISTURBANCES

§ 102–74.390

Penalty: Fine as listed below.

All persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from loitering, exhibiting disorderly conduct or exhibiting other conduct on property which:

(a) Creates loud or unusual noise or a nuisance;

\$50.00

(b) Unreasonably obstructs the usual use of entrances, foyers, lobbies, corridors,

offices, elevators, stairways, or parking lots;

\$50.00

(c) Otherwise impedes or disrupts the performance of official duties by Government

employees; or

\$250.00

(d) Prevents the general public from obtaining the administrative services

provided on the property in a timely manner.

\$100.00

GAMBLING

§ 102-74.395

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

Except for the vending or exchange of chances by licensed blind operators of vending facilities for any lottery set forth in a State law and authorized by section 2(a)(5) of the Randolph-Sheppard Act (20 U.S.C. 107 et seq.), all persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from:

- (a) Participating in games for money or other personal property;
- (b) Operating gambling devices;
- (c) Conducting a lottery or pool; or
- (d) Selling or purchasing of numbers tickets.

NARCOTICS AND OTHER DRUGS

§ 102-74.400

Penalty: Mandatory Court Appearance and fine up to \$750.00, to be determined by the 'United States Attorney at court, depending on severity.

Except in cases where the drug is being used as prescribed for a patient by a licensed physician, all persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from;

- (a) Being under the influence, using or possessing any narcotic drugs, hallucinogens, marijuana, barbiturates, or amphetamines; or
- (b) Operating a motor vehicle on the property while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, narcotic drugs, hallucinogens, marijuana, barbiturates, or amphetamines.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

§ 102-74.405

Penalty: \$350.00 fine

Except where the head of the responsible agency or his or her designee has granted an exemption in writing for the appropriate official use of alcoholic beverages, all persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from being under the influence or using alcoholic beverages. The head of the responsible agency or his or her designee must provide a copy of all exemptions granted to the buildings manager and the highest-ranking representative of the law enforcement organization, or other authorized officials, responsible for the security of the property.

SOLICITING, VENDING AND DEBT COLLECTION

§ 102-74.410

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

All persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from soliciting commercial or political donations, vending merchandise of all kinds, displaying or distributing commercial advertising, or collecting private debts, except for:

- (a) National or local drives for funds for welfare, health or other purposes as authorized by 5 C.F.R. part 950, entitled "Solicitation Of Federal Civilian And Uniformed Service Personnel For Contributions To Private Voluntary Organizations," and sponsored or approved by the occupant agencies;
- (b) Concessions or personal notices posted by employees on authorized bulletin boards;
- (c) Solicitation of labor organization membership or dues authorized by occupant agencies under the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95-454); and
- (d) Lessee, or its agents and employees, with respect to space leased for commercial, cultural, educational, or recreational use under the Public Buildings Cooperative Use Act of 1976 (40 U.S.C. § 490(a)(16)). Public areas of GSA-controlled property may be used for other activities in accordance with subpart D of this part.

POSTING AND DISTRIBUTING MATERIALS

§ 102-74.415

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

All persons entering in or on Federal property are prohibited from:

- (a) Distributing free samples of tobacco products in or around Federal buildings, under Public Law 104-52, Section 636.
- (b) Posting or affixing materials, such as pamphlets, handbills, or flyers, on bulletin boards or elsewhere on GSA-controlled property, except as authorized in §102-74.410, or when these displays are conducted as part of authorized Government activities.
- (c) Distributing materials, such as pamphlets, handbills or flyers, unless conducted as part of authorized Government activities. This prohibition does not apply to public areas of the property as defined in §102–71.20 of this chapter. However, any person or organization proposing to distribute materials in a public area under this section must first obtain a permit from the building's manager as specified in subpart D of this part. Any such person or organization must distribute materials only in accordance with the provisions of subpart D of this part. Failure to comply with those provisions is a violation of these regulations.

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR NEWS, ADVERTISING

§ 102–74.420

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

Except where security regulations apply or a Federal court order or rule prohibits it, persons entering in or on Federal property may take photographs of:

- (a) Space occupied by a tenant agency for non-commercial purposes only with the permission of the occupying agency concerned;
- (b) Space occupied by a tenant agency for commercial purposes only with written permission of an authorized official of the occupying agency concerned; and
- (c) Building entrances, lobbies, foyers, corridors, or auditoriums for news purposes.

DOGS AND OTHER ANIMALS

§ 102-74.425

Penalty: \$50.00 fine

Except seeing eye dogs, other guide dogs and animals used to guide or assist handicapped persons, persons may not bring dogs or other animals on Federal property for other than official purposes.

VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC

§ 102-74.430

Penalty: Fines as listed below.

All vehicle drivers entering or while on Federal property:

(a) Must drive in a careful and safe manner at all times; \$75.00

(b) Must comply with the signals and directions of Federal police officers or other authorized individuals; \$75.00

(c) Must comply with all posted traffic signs; \$75.00

(d) Must comply with any additional posted traffic directives approved by the GSA Regional Administrator, which will have the same force and effect as these regulations;

\$75.00

(e) Are prohibited from blocking entrances, driveways, walks, loading platforms, or fire hydrants; and \$75.00

(f) Are prohibited from parking on Federal property without a permit. \$30.00

Parking without authority, parking in unauthorized locations or in locations reserved for other persons, or \$30.00 parking contrary to the direction of posted signs is prohibited. \$200.00/Handicapp

Vehicles parked in violation, where warning signs are posted, are subject to removal at the owner's risk and expense. Federal agencies may take as proof that a motor vehicle was parked in violation of these regulations or directives as prima facia evidence that the registered owner was responsible for the violation.

EXPLOSIVES § 102–74.435

Penalty: Mandatory Court Appearance, fine and/or imprisonment for up to five (5) years. No person entering or while on Federal property may carry or possess explosives, or items intended to be used to fabricate an explosive or incendiary device, either openly or concealed, except for official purposes. Federal law prohibits the possession explosives in federal facilities and federal court facilities by all persons not specifically authorized by Title 18, United States Code, section 844(g). Violators will be subject to fine and/or imprisonment for periods up to five (5) years.

WEAPONS § 102-74.440
Penalty: Mandatory Court Appearance, fine and/or imprisonment for up to five (5) years.

Federal law prohibits the possession of firearms or other dangerous weapons in Federal facilities and Federal court facilities by all persons not specifically authorized by Title 18, United States Code, section 930. Violators will be subject to fine and/or imprisonment for periods up to five (5) years.

NONDISCRIMINATION Penalty: \$100.00 fine

§ 102-74.445

Federal agencies must not discriminate by segregation or otherwise against any person or persons because of race, creed, sex, color, or national origin in furnishing or by refusing to furnish to such person or persons the use of any facility of a public nature, including all services, privileges, accommodations, and activities provided on the property.

PENALTIES § 102–74.450

A person found guilty of violating any rule or regulation in this subpart while on any property under the charge and control of the United States General Services Administration shall be fined under Title 18 of the United States Code, imprisoned for not more than 30 days, or both.

IMPACT ON OTHER LAWS OR REGULATIONS

§ 102–74.455

No rule or regulation in this subpart may be construed to nullify any other Federal laws or regulations or any State and local laws and regulations applicable to any area in which the property is situated (section 205(c), 63 Stat. 390; 40 U.S.C. § 486(c)).

FORFEITURE OF COLLATERAL SCHEDULE for the EASTERN COURT DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

CODE	VIOLATION	FINE
327.1(d)	Discriminating against a person or persons because of sex, race, creed, color, or national origin in the conduct of operation under a Lease, License, or concession contract	Mandatory Appearance
327.2(b)	Parking a vehicle in violation of Posted restrictions	\$15.00
327.2(b)	Parking a vehicle in such a manner As to obstruct or impede the move- ment of normal traffic or the park- ing of other vehicles	\$50.00
327.2 (b)	Parking a vehicle in such a manner as to obstruct or impede the movement of emergency traffic, create a safety hazard or endanger any person	\$100.00
327.2(b)	Parking a vehicle in such a manner as to endanger project property or Environmental feature	\$75.00
327.2(c)	Operation and/or parking of a vehi- cle off authorized roadways except at locations and time designated by the District Engineer	\$100.00
327.2(c)	Taking any vehicle through, around, or beyond a restrictive sign, recognizable barricade, fence, or traffic control barrier	\$125.00
327.2(d)	Operating a vehicle in violation of posted regulations	\$50.00
327.2(e)	Operating a vehicle in a careless, negligent, or reckless manner so as to endanger environmental features or project property	\$150.00
327.2(e)	Operating a vehicle in a careless, negligent, or reckless manner so as to endanger any person	\$200.00

327.2(f)	Using a vehicle in a developed area for the purpose other than entering or leaving, except as authorized	\$75.00
327.2(g)	Operating a motorized vehicle with- out a proper and effective exhaust muffler	\$75.00
327.2(g)	Operating a vehicle with an exhaust muffler cutout open or in any other manner which renders the exhaust muffler ineffective in muffling the sound of engine exhaust	\$100.00
327.2(h)	Operating a vehicle not in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local laws	\$50.00
327.3(b)	Placing or operating any vessel or any watercraft for fee or profit upon project waters or lands except as authorized by permit, lease, license, or concession agreement	\$100.00
327.3(c)	Operation of a vessel or other wa- tercraft in a prohibited or re- stricted area	\$150.00
327.3(c)	Operation of a vessel or other watercraft in violation of posted regulations including buoys	\$75.00
327.3(c)	Operation of vessel or other wa- tercraft on project waters without display of an appropriate registra- tion on board	\$50.00
327.3(d)	Operation of a vessel or other watercraft in a careless, negligent or reckless manner so as to endanger any person or property or environmental feature	\$200.00
327.3(e)	Using or allowing the use of a vessel without safety equipment, including personal flotation devices, on board in compliance with boating safety requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard and the boating safety laws of the state in which the vessel is being operated	\$100.00

327.3(f)	Using a vessel or other watercraft while moored in commercial facilities, community or corporate docks, or at any fixed or permanent mooring point for overnight occupancy when such use is not incidental to recreational boating	\$100.00
327.3(f)	Using a vessel or other watercraft as place of habitation or residence	\$200.00
327.3(g)	Using waterskis, parasails, ski- kites, or similar, devices, in a a restricted area	\$100.00
327.3(g)	Using waterskis, parasails, ski- kites, or similar, devices, in a careless, negligent, or reckless manner so as to endanger any prop- erty or person	\$200.00
327.3(h)	Attaching or anchoring a vessel to a lock, dam, buoy, or other structure, except as authorized by the District Commander	\$100.00
327.3(h)	Failure to remove a vessel not actually in use from the project which is not securely moored at mooring facilities approved by the District Engineer	\$75.00
327.3(h)	Placing or floating or stationary mooring facilities on, adjacent to, or interfering with, a buoy, channel marker, or other navigation aid	\$100.00
327.3(i)	Using, at a project, a vessel, which has not been constructed or maintained in compliance with the standards and requirements established by the National Safe Boating Act of 1971 or promulgates pursuant to such act	\$150.00
327.3(j)	Operating a vessel or watercraft without a proper and effective exhaust muffler, as defined by state and local laws, except as authorized by the District Engineer	\$50.00

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327.3(j)	Operating a vessel or watercraft with an exhaust muffler cutout open or in any manner which renders the exhaust muffler ineffective	\$75.00
327.3(k)	Operating a vessel not in accord- ance with applicable Federal, state and local laws	\$50.00
327.4(b)	Operating an aircraft on project lands at locations other than those designated by the District Engineer	\$100.00
327.4(c)	Operating an aircraft while on or above project waters or project lands in a careless, negligent, or reckless manner so as to endanger any person, property or environmental feature	\$250.00
327.4(e)	Air delivery, except in extreme emergency, of any person, material, or equipment by parachute, helicopter, balloon or other means without written permission of the District Commander	\$100.00
327.4(f) (2)	Operation of a seaplane on project waters contrary to the prohibitions or restrictions established by the District Commander	\$150.00
327.4(f) (3)	Operation of a seaplane on project waters in a manner not in accordance with the U.S. Coast Guard Navigation Rules for powerboats or Vessels and/or part 327.3 of this regulation	\$100.00
327.4(f) (4)	Mooring a seaplane in a prohibited area, in an unsafe or insecure manner, or in excess of 24 hours on project waters or lands at a location not permitted by the District Engineer	\$50.00
327.4(f) (4)	Mooring a seaplane in such a manner as to damage the rights of the Government or members of the public	\$100.00

327.4(f) (4)	Failure of the operator to remain in the vicinity of a seaplane moored on a project or failure of the operator to be reasonably available to relocate the plane as necessary	\$50.00
327.4(f) (5)	Commercial operation of a sea- plane from project waters with- out written approval of the District Commander	\$250.00
327.4(f) (6)	Operating a seaplane at a project between sunset and sunrise without the approval of the District Commander	\$125.00
327.5(a)	Swimming, diving, snorkeling, or scuba diving at a launching site, designated mooring point, public dock, or other area designated by the District Commander	\$100.00
327.5(b)	Failure to display an international diver down or inland diving flag during underwater activities	\$75.00
327.5(c)	Diving, jumping or swinging from trees, bridges, or other structures which cross or are adjacent to project waters	\$50.00
327.6	Engaging in picnicking or related Day-use activities in areas where Prohibited by the District Commander	\$50.00
327.7(a)	Camping at a site or area not designated for that purpose by the District Commander	\$100.00
327.7(b)	Camping at one or more campsites for a period longer than 14 days during any 30 consecutive day period without written permission	\$75.00
327.7(c)	Placing camping equipment or other items on a campsite and/or personal appearance at a campsite without daily occupancy for the purpose of reserving the campsite for future occupancy	\$75.00

327.7(d)	Digging or leveling of any ground or the construction of any structure without written permission of the District Commander	\$50.00
327.7(e)	Occupying or placing camping equipment at a campsite which is posted or otherwise marked or indicated as DreservedD without an authorized reservation for that site	\$75.00
327.8(a)	Hunting in areas or during periods where prohibited by the District Commander	\$150.00
327.8(b)	Trapping in areas or during periods where prohibited by the District Commander	\$75.00
327.8(c)	Fishing in a swimming area	\$150.00
327.8(c)	Fishing on a boat ramp or other area designated by the District Commander	\$100.00
327.9(a)	Improper disposal of or failure to remove garbage, trash, rubbish, litter, or any other waste material or liquid, including human and animal wastes, generated on the project	\$150.00
327.9(b)	Bringing any household or commercial garbage, trash, rubbish, debris, dead animals, or litter of any kind for disposal or dumping without having obtained written permission of the District Commander	\$250.00
327.9(c)	Spilling, pumping, or otherwise discharging contaminants, pollutants, or other wastes, including, but not limited to, human or animal waste, petroleum, industrial and commercial products and by-products, on project lands or into project waters	\$200.00
327.9(d)	Failure to keep a campsite, picnic site, or other area being used free of trash and litter during the period of occupancy	\$75.00

327.9(d)	Failure to clean a campsite, picnic site or other use area and remove all personal equipment upon departure	\$75.00
327.9(e)	Discharging or placing sewage, galley waste, garbage, refuse, or other pollutants from any vessels or watercraft into project waters	\$200.00
327.10(a)	Carrying or storing gasoline or any other fuels onto a project in containers not designated for such purposes without written permission of the District Commander	\$150.00
327.10(b)	Failure to confine a fire in a fireplace, grill, or other designated facility	\$75.00
327.10(b)	Leaving a fire unattended or failing to completely extinguish a fire prior to departure	\$100.00
327.10(b)	Burning materials that produce toxic fumes	\$150.00
327.10(c)	Improper disposal of lighted smoking materials, matches, or other burning materials	\$100.00
327.11(a)	Bringing or allowing dogs, cat, or others pets that are not on a leash under 6 feet in length, penned, caged, or otherwise physically restrained, into develop recreation areas	\$75.00
327.11(a)	Allowing an animal or animals to impede or restrict otherwise full and free use of project lands and waters by the public	\$125.00
327.11(a)	Allowing an animal to bark or emit other noise so as to unreasonably disturb other people	\$50.00
327.11(a)	Bringing or allowing an animal or pet, except for properly trained animals assisting the handicapped, into a sanitary facility, playground, swim beach, or other unauthorized area	\$75.00

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327.11(b)	Failure to properly remove and dispose of, in sanitary facilities, any waste produced by an animal or pet brought or allowed into designated public use areas	\$50.00
327.11(c)	Bringing or allowing livestock in recreation areas without prior authorization by the District Commander	\$75.00 per head
327.11(d)	Ranging, grazing, watering, or oth- erwise allowing unauthorized live- stock on project lands or waters	\$75.00 per head
327.11(g)	Bringing a wild or exotic pet or animal, or any pet or animal exhibiting vicious or aggressive behavior or otherwise posing a threat to pubic safety or deemed a public nuisance onto project lands or waters except as authorized by the District Commander	\$150.00
327.12(a)	Entering or using a project or portion thereof in a manner contrary to the schedule of visiting hours, closures, or restrictions	\$100.00
327.12(b)	Creating excessive noise in a public use area between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., or those hours designated by the District Commander, so as to unreasonably disturb other persons	\$75.00
327.12(c)	Engaging in any act or manner of conduct which interferes with, impedes, or disrupts the use of the project	\$100.00
327.12(c)	Engaging in any act or manner of conduct which impairs the safety of another person	\$250.00
327.12(d)	Operating or using any audio or other noise producing device, including vehicles and vessels, in such a manner as to unreasonably annoy or endanger persons at any time or exceed state or local laws governing noise levels from	\$75.00

motorized equipment

	Possessing or consuming alcoholic beverages in areas designated and posted with such restrictions by the District Commander	\$75.00
327.12(f)	27.12(f) Smoking in a visitor center, enclosed park building or other area on a project on violation of posted restrictions	
327.13(a)	Possessing a loaded firearm, ammunition, loaded projectile firing devices, bows and arrows, crossbows except as authorized	\$100.00
327.13(b)	Possessing or using explosives or explosive devices, including fireworks or other pyrotechnics without written permission from the District Commander	\$50.00
327.14(a)	Destruction, injury, defacement, removal, or any alteration of public property developed or natural, except as authorized by written permission of the District Commander	\$250.00
327.14(b)	Cutting or the gathering of trees or parts of trees and/or the removal of wood from project lands without written permission	\$150.00
327.14(c)	Gathering dead wood on the ground in violation of posted restrictions	\$50.00
327.14(d)	Using a metal detector in areas where such use is prohibited by the District Commander	\$50.00
327.15(a)	Abandoning, storing, or leaving unattended personal property on project lands or waters	\$50.00
327.15(b)	Placing personal property on Federal lands or waters adjacent to a private residence and/or developments of any private nature for over 24 hours without permission	\$75.00
327.16	Failure to deposit an article found on project lands	\$50.00

327.17(a)	Non-commercial advertising without written permission of the District Commander	\$150.00
327.17(a)	Commercial advertising without written permission of the District Commander	\$200.00
327.18(a)	Engagement in or solicitation of business without the expressed written permission of the District Commander	\$150.00
327.18 (b)	Noncompliance with any terms, clauses or conditions of any lease, license or other agreement issued by the District Commander	\$125.00
327.19(a)	Noncompliance with the fee requirements or other terms or conditions of any permit issued under the provision of this part 327	\$100.00
327.19(e)	Noncompliance with a Shoreline Use Permit issued under the authority of Part 327.30 of this regulation	\$75.00
327.20	Construction, placement, or permitting the existence of any structure of any kind, including roads, trails, signs, buoys, docks, non-portable hunting stands or blinds, or landscape features, under, upon, in or over project lands or waters without a permit, lease, license or other written authorization issued by the District Commander	\$250.00
327.20	Violation of the terms of a permit, lease, license, or other written agreement via the design, construction, placement, existence, or use of any structure	\$150.00
327.21(a)	Holding a special event without prior written permission from the District Commander	\$250.00

327.21(b)	Charging a fee to the public by a sponsor of a special event when said fee has not been approved in writing by the District Commander and the fee schedule has not been properly posted to notify the public	\$150.00
327.21(b)	Failure of the sponsor to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit, permission or the regulations in this part 327	\$200.00
327.22(a)	Unauthorized occupation of any lands, buildings, vessels, or other facilities as a full or part-time residence within the boundaries of a project	\$250.00
327.22(b)	Unauthorized use of project lands and/or waters for agricultural purposes	\$150.00
327.23(c)	Failure to pay the authorized and posted camping fee (fine not to exceed \$100.00)	\$50.00 Plus amt. of unpaid fee
327.23(c)	Failure to pay authorized and posted Day Use fee (fine not to exceed \$100.00)	\$25.00
327.23(c)	Failure to properly display the applicable receipt, permit, or pass (fine not to exceed \$100.00)	\$25.00
327.23(d)	Fraudulent use of a Golden Age or Golden Access Passport	\$250.00
	Attempting to kill, kill, or forcibly assaulting, resisting, opposing, intimidating, impeding, or interfering with any civilian official or employee of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers engaged in, or on account of, the performance or his or her official duties (Section 111 and 1114 of Title 14 USC)	Mandatory Appearance
327.24(b)	Failure to comply with a lawful order issued by a Federal employee acting pursuant to	\$150.00

these regulations

327.24(b) Failure to provide a correct name, address, or other identification upon request of a Federal employee authorized to issue citations in the performance of his or her official duties

\$200.00

WILDLIFE/PROPERTY FORFEITURE ORDER EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

Unless otherwise specifically ordered by a United States Court, any fish, wildlife, plants, or property which has been seized under the authority of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. 16 U.S.C. §§ 703-712; the National Wildlife Refuge Systems Administrative Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 668dd-668ee; the Recreation Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 460k-460k-4, the Eagle Protection Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 668-668e; the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-1543; the Migratory Waterfowl Hunting Stamp Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 718-718i; the Airborne Hunting Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 742j-1; the Marine Mammal Protection Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1361-1407; the Tariff Classification Act, 19 U.S.C. § 1202; the Lacey Act, 18 U.S.C. § 42; the Lacey Act Amendments, 16 U.S.C. §§ 3371-3378; the American Antiquities Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 431-433; the Assimilative Crime Act, 18 U.S.C. § 13, the African Elephant Conservation Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 4201-4245; the Archeological Resources Protection Act. 16 U.S.C. § 470aa et seq.; Wild Bird Conservation Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 4901-4916; and Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1998, 16 U.S.C. § 5301 et seq.; where final disposition of the case has been made by either payment of a Forfeiture of Collateral or a judgment by the court on behalf of the Government and where so authorized by statute. such wildlife or property shall be forfeited to the U.S. Government and disposed of by the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service in the manner prescribed by Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 12.

Appendix A Wildlife & Plant Value Table

Category	Species	Comments	Value
Migratory game birds			
- Ditus	Ducks	Whole/mount	\$ 50.00
	Geese	Whole/mount	75.00
	Doves	Whole/mount	25.00
	All other	Whole/mount	50.00
	All parts/products	Per item	25.00
Migratory non- game birds			
<u> </u>	Bald/golden eagle	Whole/mount	\$1000.00
	Hawks/owls	Whole/mount	500.00
	Song birds	Whole/mount	100.00
	All other	Whole/mount	100.00
	All parts/products	Whole/mount	25.00
Other game birds			
	Wild turkey	Whole/mount	300.00
·	All other	Whole/mount	100.00
	All parts/products	Per item	25.00
Big game animals			
	Elk	Whole	\$1000.00
	Deer	Whole	500.00
	Black bear	Whole	1000.00
	All other	Whole/mounted	1000.00
	All parts/products	Per item	100.00
Small game animals			
	Squirrel	Whole	10.00
	Rabbit	Whole	10.00
	Quail	Whole	10.00
	All other	Whole	10.00
Other animals			
	Bobcat	Whole	250.00
	Fox	Whole	250.00
	Mink .	Whole	100.00
	Otter	Whole	250.00
	Raccoon	Whole	50.00
Sport fish			
	Bass, crappie, bream, catfish		25.00

		. <u> </u>	
Other fish		<u> </u>	
	Paddlefish,	Whole	250.00
	sturgeon, bowfin		
	Eggs/roe	Per lb.	100.00
Non-sport fish			
	Carp, sucker, gar	Whole	20.00
Amphibians			
	All whole/products	Per item	50.00
Reptiles			
	All whole/products	Per item	50.00
Deciduous trees			• .
	All	>16" DBH	50.00
	All	<16" DBH	10.00
Coniferous trees			
	All	>16" DBH	50.00
1.	All	<16" DBH	10.00
Other plants			
	All		10.00
Archeological			·
resources			
* .	Human remains		500.00/item
	All other		100.00/item

8/04

FORFEITURE OF COLLATERAL SCHEDULE UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

NOTE: Due to increased liability and potential seventy for environmental degradation posed by commercial and organized activities, collateral amounts for violations listed herein shall be doubled for corporations, businesses, partnerships, hunt clubs, and other organizations committing such violations (18 U.S.C. § 3571 (c) - Fines For Organizations).

Value = the current established replacement value of animals or plants listed in Appendix A

Item = per specimen

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Regulations

50 CFR PART 13: General Permit Procedures

<u>Offense</u>		<u>Collateral</u>
13.1	Permit requirement	200.00
13.25	Unauthorized transfer of Fish & Wildlife Service permit	200.00
13.26	Failure to return permit	100.00
13.41	Failure to maintain wildlife under humane and healthful conditions	500.00
13.42	Violation of terms/conditions set forth in permit	250.00
13.43	Alteration of permit	250.00
13.44	Failure to display permit upon request	100.00
13.45	Failure to file reports as required	150.00
13.46	Failure to maintain records as required	250.00
13.47	Failure to permit premise inspection	500.00
13.48	Failure to comply with conditions of permit	250.00
13.49	Failure to surrender permit upon suspension or revocation	250.00
13.50	Failure to assume liability and responsibility for the conduct of any activity conducted under the authority of permit	250.00

Collateral

Offense

General Regulations for Importation, Exportation & Transportation of Wildlife (16 U.S.C. § 3371, 16 U.S.C. § 1538)

Because the Lacey Act and the Endangered Species Act are Class A misdemeanors, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment. See 50 CFR, Part 14.

16 U.S.C. §§ 4901- 4916 Wild Bird Conservation Act of 1992

16 USC § 4901 et seq. (50 CFR PART 15)

Violate any regulations, prohibitions, or regulations of Act relating to the import of any exotic bird...

Non-commercial

500.00 + value

Commercial

1,000.00 + value

19 U.S.C. 1202 Tariff Classification Act

50 CFR 15

15.12

Import in excess of quota feathers belonging to

Species listed in 50 CFR 15.11

100.00

18 U.S.C. § 42 Lacey Act

18 U.S.C. § 42(c)

Importation of wildlife under inhumane or unhealthful

Conditions

750.00 + value

50 CFR PART 16: Regulations for the Importation or Shipment of Injurious Species

16.3 thru 16.13(b)(1)	Unauthorized import, transport, acquire or release of prohibited species or their progeny	750.00 + 25.00/item
16.14 & 16.15	Release of imported live wild amphibians, reptiles or progeny or eggs thereof to the wild without authorization	500.00 + 25.00/item
16.22(b)(1)	Failure to properly confine injurious species	500.00 + 25.00/item
16.22(b)(2)	Transfer of injurious species to unauthorized	500.00 +

16 U.S.C. §§ 3371- 3778 Lacey Act Amendments of 1981

Because the Lacey Act Amendment of 1981 is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment.

Collateral

Offense

16 U.S.C. § 1538 Endangered Species Act

Because the Endangered Species Act is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by information or Indictment. However, regulations pertaining to threatened species are Class B misdemeanors and may be charged by Violation Notice.

50 CFR PART 17: Regulations pertaining to Threatened Wildlife

•		
17.31	Violate threatened wildlife prohibitions	500.00 + value
17.40 thru 17.47	Violate special regulations pertaining to threatened wildlife	500.00 + value
50 CFR PART	17: Regulations pertaining to Endangered Plants	
17.61	Violation of Endangered Plant regulations	500.00 + value
17.62 & 17.63	Fail to comply with Permit Conditions	250.00
50 CFR PART	17: Regulations Pertaining to Threatened Plants	
17.71	Violation of Threatened Plant regulations	500.00 + value
17.72	Fail to comply with permit conditions	250.00
50 CFR PART	17: Other Endangered & Threatened Plant Regulations	
17.82	Violation of general Experimental regulations	250.00 + value
17.84 to end	Violation of special regulations	250.00 + value

16 U.S.C. §§ 1361-1407 Marine Mammal Protection Act

Because the Marine Mammal Protection Act is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment. See 50 CFR, Part 18.

16 U.S.C. § 742j Airborne Hunting Act

Because the Airborne Hunting Act is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment. See 50 CFR, Part 19.

Offense

16 U.S.C. §§ 703-712 Migratory Bird Treaty Act

16 U.S.C. § 703	1	ĥ	11	S	C	8	703
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Taking, pursuing, hunting, capturing, killing, or the attempt thereof; possess, sell, barter, purchase, ship, export, import, carry, transport, offer, or cause thereof; migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs, without authorization per part, nest, egg, item per each bird

500.00 + 50.00 / value

16 U.S.C. § 705

Ship, transport, carry in interstate or foreign commerce, any bird, part, nest, or egg, thereof, carried contrary to the law of the place where captured, killed, taken, shipped, transported, or carried

per part, nest, egg, item per each bird 500.00 + 50.00 /

value

50 CFR PART 20: Migratory Game Bird Hunting Regulations

20.20(b)	Failure to register with Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP)	100.00
20.21(a)	Take with illegal device or substance	400.00 + value
20.21(b)	Take with shotgun capable of holding more than three (3) shells	250.00 + value
20.21(c)	Take by means, aid or use of sink box	250.00 + value
20.21(d)	Take from or by means, aid, or use of a motor driven conveyance, motor vehicle or aircraft	400.00 + value
20.21(e)	Take by means of motorboat or other craft having motor attached and under power	400.00 + value
20.21(f)	Take by use or aid of live decoys	500.00 + value
20.21(g)	Take by use or aid of electronic/recorded calls	500.00 + value
20.21(h)	Take by means or aid of motor driven conveyance for concentrating, driving, or rallying, or stirring up waterfowl	300.00 + value

16 U.S.C.§704 (b)(2) and

16 U.S.C.

707(c)

20.21(i)

Place or direct placement of bait on or adjacent to an area for the purpose of causing, inducing or allowing any person to take migratory game birds by the aid of baiting or on or over a baited area.

(where the defendant knew, or reasonably should have known,

Take by aid of bait or on or over baited area

that the area was a baited area)

Class A misdemeanor Information/Indictment

500.00 + value

<u>Offense</u>			<u>Collateral</u>
20.21(j)	Take while possessing toxic shot shells	or shot	300.00 + forfeit toxic shells
20.22	Take during closed season		500.00 + value
20.23	Take before/after legal shooting hours	1-15 min. 16-30 min. 31-45 min. 45+ min.	200.00 + value 300.00 + value 400.00 + value 500.00 + value
20.24	Take in excess of daily bag limit		500.00 + value
20.25	Wanton waste of migratory birds		250.00 + value
20.26(c)	Failure to comply with temporary closur	e regulations	250.00 + value
20.31	Possession of birds taken in violation of thru 20.23	f 20.21	150.00 + value
20.32	Possess freshly killed migratory birds d closed season	uring	300.00 + value
20.33	Exceed possession limit of migratory birds taken in the U.S.		250.00 + value
20.34	Possess in excess of daily bag limit opening day		300.00 + value
20.35	Possess or transport in excess of daily field limit		250.00 + value
20.36	Violation of tagging regulations		250.00 + value
20.37	Custody of untagged birds of another		250.00 + value
20.38	Live wounded birds in possession		100.00 + value
20.40	Receive, possess, give to another unta	gged birds	100.00 + value
20.41	Transport birds taken in violation of 20.	21 thru 20.24	150.00 + value
20.42	Transportation of untagged birds of and	other	200.00 + value
20.43	Transport migratory game birds with species ID removed		250.00 + value
20.44	Transport unmarked or improperly mark containing migratory game birds via postcommon carrier		100.00 per package
20.51	Export birds taken in violation of 20.12 to 20.24	through .	200.00 + value
20.52	Export birds with species ID removed		150.00 + value

<u>Offense</u>		<u>Collateral</u>
20.53	Export unmarked or improperly marked packages containing mig. birds as required	150.00 per package
20.61	Import mig. game birds in excess of legal limit	200.00 + value
20.62	Import mig. game birds belonging to another	150.00 + value
20.63	Import mig. game birds with species ID removed	150.00 + value
20.64	Import, possess, transport birds killed in foreign country without required export permits	150.00 + value
20.65	Import birds not drawn or dressed as required	150.00 + value
20.66	Import unmarked or improperly marked packages containing mig. birds as required	150.00 per package
20.71	Take, possess, transport, or export migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs in violation of any other Federal law or regulation	250.00 + value
20.72	Take, possess, transport, or export migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs in violation of any other State law or regulation	250.00 + value
20.73	Import, possess, or transport, migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs if taken, bought, sold, transported, possessed, or exported contrary to any law or regulation of any foreign country, State, or province thereof	250.00 + value
20.81	Commercial facility with untagged migratory birds of another as required under 20.36	200.00 + value
20.82	Violation of record keeping requirement	200.00
20.83	Failure to permit premise inspection	500.00
20.91(a)	Purchase, sell, barter, or offer thereof for millinery or omamental use, the feathers of migratory game birds	500.00
20.91(b)	Purchase, sell, barter, or the offer thereof, mounted specimens taken by hunting	250.00 + value
20.100	Take migratory game birds for which no season has been established	350.00 + value
20.133	Violation of crow hunting regulations	250.00 + 50.00/bird

<u>Offense</u>		<u>Collateral</u>			
50 CFR PART	21: Migratory Bird Permit Violations				
21.2 thru 21.27	Migratory Bird Permit Violations	250.00 + value			
21.28	Violation of Falconry Permit requirements	300.00 + value			
21.28(d)(1)	Take, possess, transport, golden eagle for falconry without a permit	500.00 + value			
21.28(d)(3)	Unauthorized take, purchase, sell, possess or barter of raptor	500.00 + value			
21.29	Violation of Falconry Standards	250.00			
21.29(e)(3)	Take, possess, transport raptor in violation of 50 C.F.R. PART 21.29	250.00 + value			
21.29(e)(3)(v)	Unauthorized take of a threatened species	500.00 + value			
21.29(g)	Failure to comply with facility/equip. standards	200.00 + value			
21.29(i)	Unauthorized take of raptor	350.00 + value			
21.29(j)	General violations of Misc. Falconry Regulations	150.00 + value			
21.2 9 (J)(5)	Retain or exchange molted feathers for other than imping purposes	150.00 + 50.00/feather			
21.30	General violation of Raptor propagation permit	250.00 + \$100/bird			
21.30(a)	Take, possess, transport, sell, purchase, barter or transfer any raptor, raptor egg, or raptor semen, for propagation without authorization	350.00 + \$100/bird			
21.30(d)(7)	Unauthorized hybridization of raptors	500.00			
21.41 thru 21.43	Violation of depredating migratory bird regulations	250.00 + value			
21.41(c)(1)	Unauthorized killing of depredating migratory birds	500.00 + value			
21.42(c)(2)	Take of depredating birds by unauthorized method	250.00 + value			
	16 U.S.C. § 718 Migratory Waterfowl Hunting and Conservation Stamp Act				
16 U.S.C. § 718	Hunt migratory waterfowl without a Federal waterfowl hunting stamp	200.00+ value			
16 U.S.C. § 718	Hunting migratory waterfowl with an invalid (unsigned) Federal waterfowl stamp	100.00+ value			

<u>Offense</u>			. 9	<u>Collateral</u>
16 U.S.C. § 718e(a)	Loan or transfer valid migratory stamp to another person, or use stamp validated by another			300,00
16 U.S.C. § 718e(b)	Alter, mutilate, imitate, or counterfeit any stamp authorized by this Act	· :	•	500.00

16 U.S.C. § 668d Baid and Golden Eagle Protection Act

Because the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment. See 50 CFR, Part 22.

16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-1543 Endangered Species Act - Convention on International Trade (CITES)

50 CFR PART 23: Regulations pertaining to import/export of protected wildlife & plants

Because 50 CFR, Part 23 and Part 24 are Class A Misdemeanors, any criminal charges must be charged by Information or Indictment.

16 U.S.C. §§ 4201- 4245 African Elephant Conservation Act

Because the African Elephant Conservation Act is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment.

16 U.S.C. §§ 5301-5306 Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1998

16 U.S.C. § 5305(a)

Sale, import, export of any product, item or substance intended for human consumption or application containing or labeled or advertised as containing any substance derived from any species of rhinoceros or tiger.

500.00 + value

16 U.S.C. §§ 431- 433 American Antiquities Act of 1979

16 U.S.C. § 433

Appropriate, excavate, injure, or destroy any historic or prehistoric ruin or monument, or any object of antiquity, situated on lands owned or controlled by the United States Government

500.00 + value

16 USC § 668dd and 16 U.S.C. §§ 721-731 National Wildlife Refuge Administrative Act & 16 USC §§ 460k-460k-4 Recreation Act

16 USC 668dd(f) - Penalties

Because Section 668dd(f)(1) is a Class A misdemeanor, any criminal charges must be filed by Information or Indictment. Section 668dd(f)(2) is a Class B misdemeanor and may be charged by Violation Notice.

50 CFR PART	C 25: Administrative Provisions	
25.21	Enter a closed portion of National Wildlife Refuge	200.00
25.31	Failure to comply with special regulations	100.00
25.42	Failure to display permit when requested	100.00
25.72	Failure to report accidents	100.00
50 CFR PART	Γ 26: Regulations Pertaining to Public Entry & Use	
26.21(a)	Trespass on National Wildlife Refuge (NWR)	250.00
26.21(b)	Permit unconfined domestic animal to enter a NWR	100.00 + 50.00/animal
26.36	Conduct public assembly/demonstration without a permit	150.00
50 CFR PART	27: Prohibited Acts	
27.21	Take any animal or plant without authorization	500.00 + value
27.31	Travel on other than a designated route of travel	150.00
27.31(a)	Operate a vehicle in violation of State law	100.00
27.31(b)	Operate a vehicle under the influence of drugs or intoxicating beverage	500.00
27.31(c)	Operate a vehicle carelessly or heedlessly	250.00
27.31(d)	Exceed 25 mph or posted speed limit	100.00 + 3.00/mph over speed limit (21 mph or more over speed limit: 200.00)
27.31(e)	Operate vehicle without a muffler/spark arrester	100.00
27.31(f)	Operate vehicle without license plate/registration	100.00
27.31(g)	Operate vehicle without a drivers license	250.00

<u>Offense</u>		Collateral
27.31(h)	Block road access for other vehicles	100.00
27.31(i)	Failure to obey orders of traffic control officer	350.00
27.31(j)	Operate over-sized/over-weight vehicle	250.00
27.31(k)	Moving of vehicle involved in accident	150.00
27.31(I)	Operate a vehicle without proper headlights, tail- lights, or brake lights	100.00
27.31(m)	Violation of other established special vehicle requirements	100.00
27.32(a)	Unauthorized use of a boat	250.00
27.32(b)	Operate boat in violation of either Coast Guard or State laws	100.00
27.32(b)(2)	Operate boat in reckless/negligent manner	250.00
27.32(b)(3)	Operate boat under influence of an intoxicant	500.00
27.32(b)(4)	Interfere with operation of other boats	250.00
27.32(b)(5)	Operate boat without proper marine head	250.00
27.32(b)(6)	Operate a sailboat without required lights	200.00
27.32(b)(7)	Leave boat unattended for 72 hrs	100.00
27.32(b)(8)	Unauthorized use of Government boat dock	100.00
27.33	Unauthorized waterskiing on NWR	100.00
27.34	Unauthorized operation of aircraft on/over NWR	500.00
27.41	Carry, or possess a firearm Discharge a firearm Carry or possess fireworks/explosive Discharge fireworks/explosive	200.00 300.00 100.00 200.00
27.42	Firearms; other violations	200.00
27.43	Use of weapons other than firearms	200.00
27.51	Disturb, injure, damage animals on NWR Disturb, injure, damage plants on NWR	250.00 + value 250.00 + value
27.52	Introduction of plants/animals on NWR	200.00 + 50.00/item

<u>Offense</u>		<u>Collateral</u>
27.61	Destruction or removal of property from NWR	500.00 + repair costs
27.62	Search for or remove objects of antiquity	500.00 + repair costs
27.63	Unauthorized search for valued objects; no permit	250.00 + repair costs
27.64	Unauthorized prospecting/mining on a NWR	500.00 + repair costs
27.65	Tamper with vehicles or equipment	250.00
27.71	Take or film motion pictures for commercial use	250.00
27.72	Cause unreasonable disturbances w/ audio equip	200.00
27.73	Use of artificial light to locate wildlife	250.00 + value
27.81	Enter NWR under the influence of alcohol	300.00
27.82(b)(1)	Deliver controlled substance	1,000.00
27.82(b)(2)	Possess controlled substance on a NWR	500.00
27.82(b)(3)	Under influence of a controlled substance	500.00
27.83	Indecency or disorderly conduct	250.00
27.84	Interference with persons engaging in authorized activity	500.00
27.85	Gambling on NWR	200.00
27.86	Begging or soliciting	100.00
27.91	Conducting field trials	200.00
27.92	Construct, install, occupy private structure	500.00 + removal
27.93	Abandon private property	300.00 + removal
27.94	Litter on a NWR Dumping refuse or waste Depositing environmental contaminants	200.00 500.00 1,000.00
27.95(a)	Setting unauthorized fire Setting unauthorized campfire	500.00 100.00
27.95(b)	Leaving fire unattended	150.00
27.95(c)	Throw burning cigarette, match, etc. where it may start a fire	150.00
27.95(d)	Smoking violation	100.00

Offense		<u>Collateral</u>
27.96	Unauthorized advertising	100.00
27.97	Conduct private commercial operation	500.00
50 CFR PART	28: Regulations pertaining to Refuge Special Regulations-Genera	<u>l</u>
28.31	Violate any provision, rule, regulation, sign, or special regulation	200.00
50 CFR PART	31: Regulations pertaining to Commercial Fishing & Trapping	
31,13	No refuge commercial fishing permit	250.00 + value
31.16	Violation of Federal trapping permit regulations, State trapping laws, or other special trapping laws, or special trapping regulations	
	Violate State law Violate permit conditions, etc	200.00 + value 200.00 + value
	Failure to inspect traps	200.00 + value
,	Unlawful sets; unlawful equipment	250.00 + value
	Animal unlawfully trapped	250.00 + value
50 CFR PART	32: Regulations pertaining to Hunting	
32.2(a)	Hunt without a State license	200.00 + value
32.2(b)	Hunt without a migratory waterfowl stamp	200.00 + value
32.2(c)	Hunt in violation of Federal law	250.00 + value
32.2(d)	Hunt in violation of State law	250.00 + value
32.2(e)	Hunt in violation of special access requirements, including the terms and conditions of hunting permits.	100.00 + value
32.2(f)	Failure to comply with refuge-specific regulations regarding hunting	150.00
32.2(g)	Bow hunt with any drug on a arrow	500.00 + value
32.2(h)	Distribution of bait and hunting over bait on NWR	500.00 + value
32.2(i)	Use of nails, wire, screws or bolts to attach a tree stand to a tree, or hunt from tree into which a metal object has been driven	100.00
32.2(j)	Use or possession of alcohol while hunting	200.00
32.2(k)	Use or possession of toxic shot while hunting with shotgun or muzzle-loader for	250.00 + feit toxic shells

<u>Offense</u>		<u>Collateral</u>
50 CFR PART	32.5: Regulations pertaining to Fishing	
32.5(a)	Fish without a State license	200.00 + value
32.5(b)	Noncompliance with applicable Federal law	100.00 + value
32.5(c) thru 32.5(e)	Violations of State and applicable special regulations on fishing	100.00 + value
50 CFR PART	70: Regulations pertaining to National Fish Hatcheries	
70.4(b)	Unauthorized taking, or attempt to take fish, amphibians, or other aquatic animals	200.00 + value
70.4(c)	70.4(c) Unauthorized take of any animal	
70.4(d)	Disturbing spawning fish	100.00
50 CFR PART	71: Regulations pertaining to Hunting & Fishing on National Fi	sh Hatcheries
71.2(a)	Hunt without a State license	200.00 + value
71.2(b) thru 71.2(f)	Noncompliance with other laws or regulations	100.00 + value
71.12(a)	Fish without a State license	100.00 + value
71.12(b) thru 71.12(e)	Noncompliance with other laws or regulations	100.00 + value

The provisions and regulations set forth in 50 CFR, Parts 25-31 are equally applicable to national fish hatchery areas.

18 USC § 13 Assimilative Crime Act

Violation of state statutes on federal land including Arkansas Game & Fish Commission Codes.

Same as Arkansas penalty assessment

SCHEDULE G

HOT SPRINGS NATIONAL PARK

Collateral Forfeiture Schedule

***In any exceptional or aggravated offense, the officer at his discretion may make any offense a "Mandatory Appearance."

Section Offense		al Provisions 36 CFR Part 1		
Resource Protection, Public Use/Recreation 36 CFR Part 2				
Resource Protection, Public Use/Recreation 36 CFR Part 2 Section Offense Amount 2.1 Preservation of resources 100 2.2 Wildlife Protection 100 (a) (1), (a) (3) taking/possessing M (a) (2) feeding, touching, disturbing 75 2.3 Fishing 50 2.4 Weapons, traps and nets 50 (a) (1) possession/carrying 50 (a) (1) use/firing 250 (f) violating state law 50 2.5 Research Specimens (w/o permit) 100 2.10 Camping and Food Storage 50 (b) (4) noise (quiet hours) 50 (b) (7) connecting to utilities 100 (b) (7) connecting to utilities 100 (b) (10) camp in undesignated area 100 2.11 Picnicking 25 2.12 Audio Disturbance 50 2.13 Fires (a) (4) unattended campfire 100 (a) (5) discarding lighted material M 2.14 Sanitation and Refuse 25 (a) (1) dumping of garbage 250 2.15 Pets 25				
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2.30 Misappropriation of property/serve 250				-
II. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
		Trespass, tampering, or vandalism		100

Amount

25

50

50

50

50

Section

Offense

No parking zone

"Stop" sign

"Yield" sign

Designated handicap parking

Roadway lane markings

2.32	Interfering with agency function	150
2.33	Report of injury or damage	100
2.34	Disorderly Conduct	
	(a) (1), (a) (2) violent/hazardous	250
	(a) (3), (a) (4) unreasonable noise/offensive	100
2.35	Alcohol/Controlled Substances	
	(a) (2) Alcohol	100
	(b) (1), (b) (2) Substance (marijuana)	200
	(b) (1), (b) (2) Other than marijuana	M
	(c) Public Intoxication	100
2.36	Gambling	100
2.37	Noncommercial soliciting	50
2.38	Explosives	
	(a) other than common fireworks	M
	(b) fireworks	50
2.52	Sale/Distribution of printed matter	50
2.60	Livestock/agriculture	100
2.62	Memorialization	50
Traff	ic Offenses 36 CFR part 4	

4.2 Assimilate State Traffic Code 27-14-304 No/expired tags/registration 50 27-14-306 Improper tags/registration 50 27-14-307 False/Stolen tags/registration M 27-16-901 Expired Driver's License 50 27-16-303 Revoked/Suspended Driver's License M 27-20-104 Motorcycle helmet, equipment 50 27-20-106 No motorcycle license endorsement 50 27-22-104 No proof of insurance 50 27-32-109 No/expired Inspection Sticker 50 27-34-104 Child Seat 50 27-36-101 Unsafe vehicle mechanical condition 50 27-37-601 Improper Exhaust (noise/smoke) 50 27-50-308 Reckless Operation 250 4.4 Report of Motor Vehicle Accident 100 4.10 Travel on Park Roads (a) Off-road vehicle use 50 (c) Causing road damage M 4.11 Load, weight and size limits 50 4.11 Traffic Control Devices - Disobey

	"Wrong Way," "One Way" sign	50
4.13	Obstruction Traffic	50 .
4.14	Open Container of alcohol	50
4.15	Safety Belts, failure to use	25
4.20	Right of Way (yield to pedestrians)	50
4.21	Posted Speed Limits	5/mile
4.22	Unsafe operation (Careless)	100
4.23	Operating Under the Influence	
	(a), (b) Drugs and/or Alcohol	M
	(c) Refusal to submit to Test	M
4.30	Bicycles	50
4.31	Hitchhiking	50

Commercial and Private Operations 36 CFR part 5

Section	Offense	Amount
5.1	Advertisements (display, post)	100
5.3	Business Operations	100
5.5	Commercial Photography	50
5.6	Commercial Vehicles	50

Special Park Regulations for HOSP 36 CFR part 7

Section	Offense	<u>Amount</u>
7.18	Passenger-carrying vehicles (taxi, etc.)	50
7.18	Use of Water (thermal and cold springs)	100

Commonly Assimilated State Statutes (under 18 USC 13):

(By Rules of Procedure, only a petty offense may proceed on a citation or violation notice.)

	on a common or violation notices)
Section	Offense Amount
5-14-122	Sodomy (Class A misdemeanor)
5-03-301	Solicitation (lesser penalty than the offense)
5-13-201	Battery 1st degree (Class B felony)
5-13-202	Battery 3 rd degree (Class A misdemeanor)
5-13-205	Assault 1st degree (Class A misdemeanor)
5-13-206	Assault 2 nd degree (Class B misdemeanor)
5-13-207	Assault 3rd degree (Class C misdemeanor)
5-13-301	Terroristic Threatening 1st degree (Class D felony)
5-13-301	Terroristic Threatening 2 nd degree (Class B misdemeanor)
5-14-103	Rape (Class Y felony)
5-14-111	Public Sexual Indecency (Class A misdemeanor)
5-14-112	Indecent Exposure (Class A misdemeanor)
5- 4-401	"For a Class A misdemeanor, the sentence shall not exceed one year."
	"For a class B misdemeanor, the sentence shall not exceed ninety days."
	"For a Class C misdemeanor, the sentence shall not exceed thirty days."
	For an unclassified misdemeanor, the sentence shall be in accordance with
	the limitation of the statute defining the misdemeanor."
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TITLE 18 U.S.C. OFFENSES	PINE BLUFF ARSENAL		SPEC	
111200000000000000000000000000000000000				
OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	NON.
Simple Assault 18 U.S.C 113(5)	\$50	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$5 0
Theft of Public Property, Money, or Records not Exceeding \$100	\$100	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Unauthorized Sale or Possession of Identification Cards or Badges 18 U.S.C. 701	\$100	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$5 0
Unauthorized Photography of Identification Cards or Badges 18 U.S.C. 701	\$5 0	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$50
Willful Injury to Government Property or contracts Where Property Damage Does not Exceed \$100 18 U.S.C. 1361	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Entering Military Reservation for Purposes Prohibited by Law .8 U.S.C. 1382	\$100	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$50
Re-entering Military Reservation After Having Ben Removed and Ordered Not to Re-enter by Commander 18 U.S.C. 1382	MA _.	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$50
Misuse of Franking Privilege 18 U.S.C. 1719	\$100			
Leaving Fires Unattended and Unextinguished on Public Lands 18 U.S.C. 1856	\$200 	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$50
Unlawfully Breaking, Opening or Destroying Gates, Fences, Hedges or Walls Enclosing Public Lands 18 U.S.C. 1857	\$ 50	Misd. (A)	\$2 5 ·	\$125

ENERAL STATE OFFENSES

BULLIVED DEFIELD OFFICEROOD		•		
OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	NON.
Applicable ARK. STAT.				
Third Degree Battery 41-1603 A.C.A 5-13-203	\$75	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Terroristic Threatening (2nd Degree) 41-1608		gree Misd.(B) gree is a felony	\$10	\$50
Coercion 41-16-9 A.C.A 5-13-208	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Second-degree False Imprisonment 41-1704 A.C.A 5-11 104	MA ·	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Public Sexual Indecency 41-1811 A.C.A 5-14-111	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Indecent Exposure 41-1812 A.C.A 5-14-112	\$50	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Failure to Control or Report a angerous Fire 1-1904 A.C.A 5-38-303	\$100	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$5 0
Second-degree Criminal Mischief	MA (If damage		\$25	\$125
Where Property Damage is Less Than \$1,000.00 41-1907 A.C.A 5-38-204	greater th (If damage : less than :	is Misd. (B)	\$10	\$5 0
Setting on Fires any Forest, Brush or Other Inflammable Vegetation 41-1951.1 A.C.A 5-38-310	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Dumping Trash, Garbage or Other Offensive Matter on Public Property 41-1981	\$100	1 *:		•
Unlawfully Entering In or Remaining Upon the Occupied Premises of Another 41-2004 A.C.A 5-39-203 or vehicle	\$30	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$50
				_

Theft of Private Property of a Value Less than \$100 1-2203 A.C.A 5-36-103

MA

Misd. (A)

5 \$125

Applicable ARK STAT

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
	OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	IND NON
	Theft of Services Where Value of Services is Less Than \$100 41-2204 A.C.A 5-36-104	МА	Misd. (A)	\$25	· \$12!
	Theft of Property Lost, Mislaid, or Delivered by Mistake Where Value of Property is Less Than \$1,000, but More Than \$100.00 41-2205 A.C.A. 5-36-105	МА	Misd. (B)	\$10	\$5 0
	Theft of Property Lost, Mislaid, or Delivered by Mistake Where Value is Less Than \$100.00 41-2205 A.C.A. 5-36-105	MA	Misd. (C)	\$ 5	\$25
	Receiving, Retaining or Disposing of Stolen Property Where Value is Less Than \$500.00 41-2206 A.C.A. 5-36-106	\$100	(A) .feiM	\$25	\$12 5
	'Unauthorized Use of a Private /ehicle 41-2208 A.C.A. 5-36-108	\$50	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$1 2 5
	Pretending to be an Officer or Employee of the Government 41-2310(1)(c) A.C.A. 51-37-208	MA	Misd. (A)	\$2 5	\$125
	Pretending to Have a Handicap or Disability 41-2310(1)(d) A.C.A. 5-37-208	\$50	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
· •,	Contributing to the Delinquency of a Minor 41-2406 A.C.A. 5-27-205	MĄ	Misd. (A)	· \$25	\$125
	Endangering the Welfare of a Minor 41-2408 A.C.A. 5-27-204	\$75	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
	Obstructing Governmental Operations by Using or Threatening to Use Physical Force 41-802 A.C.A. 5-54-102	MA	Misđ. (A)	\$2 5	\$125
7	Otherwise Obstructing Government Operations 11-2802 A.C.A. 5-54-102	WA	Misd. (C)	\$ 5	\$ 25

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OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION IND.	NON. IND.
Resisting Arrest 41-2803 A.C.A. 5-54-103	MA.	Misd. (A) \$25	\$125
Interference with a Enforcement Officer	\$100	Use of Physical Force \$25 Misd. (A)	\$1 2 5
41-2804 A.C.A. 5-54-102		Otherwise Misd. (C) \$5	\$ 2 5
Refusing to Assist a Law Enforcement Officer 41-2809 A.C.A. 5-54-109	\$50	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25
Riot 41-2902 A.C.A. 5-71-201	MA	Misd. (A) \$25	\$1 2 5
Inciting a Riot 41-2904 A.C.A. 5-71-203	MPA	If injury to person or prop Class (D) Felony Otherwise	_
nlawful Assembly .1-2906 A.C.A. 5-71-205	MA	Misd. (A) \$25 Misd. (C) \$5	\$125 \$25
Failure to Disperse During a Riot or Unlawful Assembly 41-2907 A.C.A. 5-71- 2 06	. МА	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25
Fighting or Engaging in Violent Threatening or Tumultuous Conduct 41-2908(1)(a) A.C.A. 5-71-207	\$100	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25
Making Unreasonable or	\$25	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25
Excessive Noise for Purpose of Causing Public Inconvenience 41-2908(1)(b) A.C.A. 5-71-207			
Using Abusive or Obscene Language in a Public Place in a Manner Likely to Provoke a Disorderly Response	\$25	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25
41-2908(1)(c) A.C.A. 5-71-207	·		
Disrupting or Disturbing any Lawful Assembly or Meeting of Persons 41-2908(1)(d) A.C.A. 5-71-207	\$100	Misd. (C) \$5	\$25

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OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	NON.
Obstructing Vehicular or Pedestrian Traffic for Purpose of Causing Public Inconvenience 41-2908(1)(e) A.C.A. 5-71-207	\$100	Misd. (C)	\$5	\$25
In a Public Place Marring, Defiling, Desecrating or Otherwise Damaging a patriotic or Religious Symbol that is an Object of Respect by the Public or a Substantial Segment of the Public 41-2908(1)(h) A.C.A. 5-71-207	MA	Misd. (C)	\$5	\$25
Harrassment 41-2908 A.C.A. 5-71-208	. MÀ	Misđ. (C)	\$5	\$25
Harrassing Communications 41-2910 A.C.A. 5-71-209	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Communicating a False Alarm 41-2911 A.C.A. 5-72-210	MA.	If physical in Class (D) Felom Otherwise Misd. (A)		person \$125
Threatening a Fire or Bombing 41-2912 A.C.A. 5-71-211	MA	If physical in Class (D) Felor Otherwise Misd. (A)		person \$125
Public Intoxication 41-2913 A.C.A. 5-71-212	\$30	Misd. (C)	\$ 5	\$25
Obstructing a Bighway or Other Public Passage 41-2915 A.C.A. 5-71-214	\$50	Misd. (C)	\$ 5	\$25
Defacing Objects of Public Respect 41-2916 A.C.A. 5-71-215	MA.	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Defacing Public Buildings 41-2917 A.C.A. 5-71-216	MA	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Carrying Prohibited Weapons 41-3151 A.C.A. 5-73-120	MA .	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
Littering 41~3359 A.C.A. 5~67~105	\$25			

STATE OF ARKANSAS MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS (ARKANSAS STATUTES ANN.)

OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	NOI INI
Failure to Affix or Display License Plate, Tab or Decal or Registration Card 75-133.29 A.C.A. 27-14-1005	\$10	Misd. (B)	\$10	Ş!
Unlawful Taking of a Vehicle 75-170 A.C.A. 27-14-2207	MA	Misd. (C)	\$ 5	\$2
Injury to or Tampering with a Vehicle 75-172	\$50	·		
Possessing Motor Vehicle without License Plate or Current Registration 75-176 A.C.A. 27-14-304	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$2
Improper Use of Display of License Plate of Vehicle for which Plate was not Issued 75-177 A.C.A. 27-14-306	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$2
Unauthorized Parking in Area Designated for use of Disabled or Handicapped Persons 75-266.28 A.C.A. 27-15-305(b)(1)	\$10			
Driving Without a License 75-307 A.C.A. 27-16-602	\$20	·		
Unlawful Use of Driver's License 75-339 A.C.A. 27-16-302	. \$20	Misd.	\$5	\$2
Permitting Unauthorized Minor to Drive 75-342 A.C.A. 27-16-305	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$2
Permitting Unauthorized Person to Drive 75-343 A.C.A. 27-16-304	\$1 0	Misd.	\$5 .	\$2
Disobeying Police Officer Engaged in Traffic Control 75-422 A.C.A. 27-49-107	\$25	Misd.	\$5	\$2

Applicable	
Statute	

	itatute				NON.
	OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASSIFICATION	IND.	IND.
	Speeding Excessive for Conditions		•		
	0 - 10 MPH in Excess	\$20	Infraction	.\$5	\$25
	10 - 20 MPH in Excess	\$30	Misd. (C)	\$5	\$25
•	Over 20 MPH in Excess	\$50	Misd. (C)	\$5	\$25
	75-602 A.C.A. 27-51-206		, ,	·	,
	Racing on Streets	\$50	Misd. (A)	\$25	\$125
	75-603 A.C.A. 27-50-309				
	Driving Left of Center Line 75-607 A.C.A. 27-51-301	\$20	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	Driving Left of Center Line	\$50	Infraction	\$ 5	\$25
	Resulting in an Accident				
	75-607 A.C.A. 27-51-301				
•	Improper Passing on Left	\$15	Infraction	\$ 5	\$25
	75-609 A.C.A. 27-51-306	713		70	723
·)	Improper Passing on Left Resulting	\$50	Infraction	\$ 5	\$25
	in an Accident				
	"5-609 A.C.A. 27-51-306				
	Following too Close	\$20	Infraction	\$ 5	\$25
	75-614 A.C.A. 27-51-305				
	Improper Turns	\$10	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	76-615 A.C.A. 27-51-401	·			
	Improper Turns Resulting in an Accident 75-615 A.C.A. 27-51-401	\$20	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	Failure to Give Required Turn	\$10	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	75-618 A.C.A. 27-51-403		•		:
	Failure to Yield Right of Way	\$10	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	Approaching or Entering Intersection 75-621 A.C.A. 27-51-501			,-	•
	Failure to Yield Turning Left at	\$20	Infraction	\$ 5	\$25
	Intersection			,	
	75-622 A.C.A. 27-51-502				
2388	Failure to Obey Yield Sign 1st	\$5			
(ty	75-623 A.C.A. 27-51-503 2nd	\$10	Infraction	\$5	\$25
	Intentional Injury to or Interference	MA	This section does not	-	
223 826	ith Property of the United States With		this is a felony or mis	rdemean	OT.

Applicable	C			• (
Statute	`		-	\ .	OTHER
					THAN
OFFENSE	COLLATI	ERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	INDIV.
Pailure to Obey Stop Sign	lst	\$ S	Infr.	\$5	\$25
75-624 2 7- 51-60/	2nd	\$10	Infr.	\$5	\$25
75-624 27-51-60	•				
Pailure to Yield to Emergence 'chicle	cy.	\$3 S	Infr.	\$5	\$25
?5-625 27-51-901	•				
ailure to Yield to Pedestri Inrked Crosswalk 75-627 27-51-1202	ian in	\$5	Infr.	\$5	\$25
ailure of Pedestrian to Yie Prossing Roadway at other the Prosswalk 75-627 27-51-1202		\$3	Infr.	\$5	\$25
	,	•			
Illegal Stopping, Standing	1st	\$2	Infr.	\$5	\$25
or Parking	2nd	-\$3	Infr.	\$5	\$25
7 5 -649 27-51-1304	3rđ	\$ 5	Infr.	\$ 5	\$25
Oriving with Obstructed View Jore Than Three Persons in 1 75-652 27-51-1401		\$25	Infr.	\$5	\$25
Throwing Destructive or Injudaterials on Highway TS-657 27-51-1405	uriou s	\$25	Infr.	\$5	\$25
stopped to Load or Unload Cl 75-658 27-51- 1004		\$25	Misd.	\$ 5	\$ 5
Firing Without Headlights F5-702 27-36-204		\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Priving With Defective Tail 75-704 27-736-215	Lights	\$ 5	Misd.	· \$5	\$25
<pre>Pefective Brakes 25-724 27-37-501,502</pre>		\$10	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Oriving with Muffler, Cutous or any Similar Device which Excessive or Unusual Noise of 75-726 27-37-601	Produces	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Failure to Stop for Accident Death or Personal Injuries 	Involving	MA	Class D	Felony	

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Applicable Statute	•			•	OTHER THAN
OFFENSE	COL	LATERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	INDIV.
Failure to Stop for Accid Involving Property Damage 75-902 27-53-102		\$50	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Failure to Give Name and After Striking Unattended 75-904 27-53-104		\$25	Infr.	\$5	\$2 5
Failure to Report Accidening Injury of Property Da Excess of \$1,000.00 75-906 27-53-201, 202	t Involv- mage in	\$50	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
	t NLT \$25 3 NLT \$50	-	Misd.(B) Misd.(B)	\$10 \$10	\$50 \$50
Operating Vehicle Under I. of a Controlled Substance 75-1026.1	fluence	МА	(and \$125) Misd. : other tl	with \$25 individua han individual; 4t
Driving Under Influence of Intoxicating Liquor 75-1027 5-65-103	fan	MA			with 25 individual han individual)
Driving While License Susp Revoked 75-1053 27-50-301	pended or	AА	Misd.(A)	\$25	\$12 5
Driving With Lights Off to Detection, Identification Apprehension 75-1055(f) 27-50-302		\$100	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Going Wrong Way-on a One 3 Street 75-1055(j) 27-50-302	lay	\$10	Misd.(C)	\$5 ·	\$2 5
Possession of a Counterfei Deliberately Altered Drive License 75-1056 27-50-303		\$50	Misd.(A)	\$25	. \$125
Failure to Comply With Sta Vehicle Safety Responsibil 75-1484 27-19-301	te Hotor ity Act	\$100	Misd.(C)	\$ 5	\$25

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Applicable Statute			(OTHER
OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	THAN INDIV.
liding More Than Two (2) Persons on any Motor-Driven Tycle 75-1702 27-20-110	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Improper Equipment on any lotor-Driven Cycle 75-1703 27-20-104	\$10	Misd.	\$5	\$25

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FEDERAL AND STATE GAME .ND A. ... VIOLATIONS - APPLICABLE TO PINE BLUFF ARSENAL

Applicable Statute

Statute	•				OTHER
<u>o</u>	FFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	OTHER THAN INDIV.
Hunting L	ithout Non-Resident icense 15-42-111	\$25	Misd.	\$5	\$25
!bunting L	ithout Resident icense 15-42-109	\$25	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Trapping License	Without State Trappers	\$25	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Fishing W License 47-208	ithout Resident Fishing 15-42-106	\$25	Misd.	\$5	\$25
fishing Wi Fishing Li 17-208	thout Non-Resident cense 15-42-107	\$25	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Hunting, T Deer Out o 47-301A	aking or Possessing f Season 15-43-201	\$200	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
or any nee	or Transporting Carcas r from Which Natural f Sex Cannot be Determi 15-43-202	• -	Misd.	\$5	\$25
on neer)	eer (Exceeding Bag Limi 15-43-203	t \$150	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Unlawfully 47-301F	Taking Doe 15-43-203	\$150	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
wild Turkey	king or Possessing Out of Season 15-43-208	\$ 75	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Baiting Wild 47-304B	Turkey 15-43-208	\$75.	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Exceeding Ba 47-304D	g Limit on Wild Turkey 15-43-209	\$75	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25

Applicable Statute	<u>-</u>	·	€,	OTHER THAN
OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	INDIV.
Hunting, Shooting, Wounding, Killing or Possessing Wild Tullens 17-304E 15-43-210	\$75 rkey	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Nunting, Shooting, Killing or Possessing Quail Out of Seaso 47-306A 15-43-218		Misd.	\$5	\$25
Exceeding Bog Limt On Quail 17-506E 15-43-219	\$ 25	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Chinting, Shooting, Killing or Possessing Wild Geese, Wild De Brant, Coot, Gallinule, Wilso Jack Snipe, Rail, Black-Belli Golden Plover, Woodcock, Mour Dove or Turtle Dove Out of Se 47-307 15-43-220	uck, n or ed or ning	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Exceeding Bag Limit of Any Ni Birds Listed in 47-307 47-308 15-43-221	ld \$100	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Julawful Use of Decoys 17-309 15-43-222	\$50	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Baiting Higratory Birds 47-310 15-43-226	\$50	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Shooting Wild Duck or Geese Before Sunrise or After Sunse 17-311 15-43-229	\$25 t	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Hunting, Capturing or Killing Migratory Game Bird by or with of a Boat or Airplane	any \$25 h Use	Misd.	\$5	\$25
47-311 15-43-229		- •		
Shooting of Squirrel from a Bo 47-311 15-43-229	oat \$10	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
Hunting, Shooting, Killing Squirrel Out of Season 47-315A 15-43-228	\$10	Misd./	\$5	\$25
Exceeding Daily Bag Limit on Squirrel 17-315B 15-43-228	_\$10	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25

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Applicable Statute				отнея
OFFENSE	COLLATERAL	CLASS.	INDIV.	THAN INDIV.
Waste of Game 47-502E 15-43-237	\$100	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Setting Fire to Woods or . Marshlands 47-502H 15-43-107	. MA	Misd.	\$5	\$25
Leaving a Campfire Without Extinguishing It 17-507H 15-43-107	\$50	Misd.	\$ 5	\$25
	. ·			
	•			
Negligent Discharge of Fire while Hunting Deer 17-555 15-43-205	еатть \$50	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
	* .	Tata ee		٠.
7 7 7 35 <u>-</u>				
dilure to Pay Admission, Recreation Use, and Special Recreation Permit Fees (The of Services)	\$2 5	Not listed 1987	in Ark. Coo	Je Ann. of
Failure to Wear Required Hu Orange Clothing in Firearm 47-107	nter \$25 Area	Not listed 1987	in Ark. Cod	le Ann. of
Hunting with Prohibited Hig Powered Rifle 47-107	h- \$50	Not listed 1987	in Ark. Cod	le Ann. of
Exceeding Bag Limits on Sma Same 47-107	11 \$50	Not listed 1987	in Ark. Cod	le Ann. of
Failure to Wear Hunter Orang as Required by Arkansas Game and Fish Commission Regulati 47-117 15-41-101	• • • •	Not listed 1987	in Ark. Cod	e Ann. of

Applicable Statute

OFFENSE

COLLATERAL

CLASS.

INDIV.

OTHER THAN INDIV.

MATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE VIOLATIONS

TITLE SO, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Applicable Statute/CFR Sections

OFFENSE	ATERAL .			
Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16	U.S.C. 703	CLASS	IND.	non-ind.
Taking or Possessing Migratory Non-Game Birds	\$50	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Each Non-Game Bird Taken or Possessed Beyond One 16 U.S.C. 703	\$10 (ea)	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp A 16 U.S.C. 718	let,			
faking Migratory Waterfowl Without a Stamp 16 U.S.C. 718	\$100	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Improper (Unsigned Stamp) 16 U.S.C 718	\$100	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
50 CFR Part 20 - Migratory Bir Hunting (Subpært C - Taking)	đ			
Taking Higratory Game Birds During Closed Season 50 CFR 20.22	\$100	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Taking Before or After Legal Shooting Hours 50 CFR 20.23	\$50	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Taking in Excess of Daily Bag Limit SU CFR 20.24	\$50	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50
Wanton Waste or Failure to Make Repsonable Efforts to Retrieve	\$50	Misd.(B)	\$10	\$50

COLLATERAL SCHEDULE FOR THE	PROPOSED BOND AMOUNTS
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS	AMOUNTS
If alleged violation is aggravated, mandatory appearance or arrest may be required.	
FEDERAL LAND POLICY AND MANAGEMENT ACT 43 U.S.C. §1701 et seq.	
Under §303(a) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, any person who Knowingly and Willfully violates any such regulation which is lawfully issued pursuant to this Act shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned no more that twelve months or both.	
SPECIAL RECREATION PERMITS Commercial Use, Competitive Events, Organized Groups, and Recreation Use in Special Areas 43 CFR §2932.57	
(a) On all public lands and related waters it is prohibited to:	
(1) Fail to obtain a permit and pay any fee	\$500
(2) Violate stipulations or conditions of permit;	\$100 per stipulation
(3) Participate in an event or use where no permit has been issued.	\$100
(4) Fail to post a copy of any commercial or competition permit where all participants can read.	\$100
(5) Fail to show a copy of the Special Recreation Permit to BLM employee or participant upon request.	\$500
(6) Obstruct or impede pedestrians or vehicles, or harass visitors or other persons with physical contact while engaged in activities covered under a permit or other authorization	\$250
(7) Refuse to leave or disperse, when directed to do so by a BLM law enforcement officer or State or Local law enforcement officer, whether you have a required Special Recreation Permit or not	\$250

USE AND OCCUPANCY UNDER THE MINING LAWS	
43 CFR § 3715.6	
(a) Placing, constructing or using structures on mine claim	\$250
(b) Beginning occupancy w/o approval	\$250
(c) Beginning occupancy before consultation w/BLM (As required for activities that do not require a plan or do not come under casual use)	\$250
(d) Beginning occupancy w/o concurrence -non conformance	\$250
(e) Not complying with any order	\$100
(f) Preventing/obstructing passage through public lands	\$250
(g) Placing enclosures, gates or fences to exclude public	\$150
(h) Causing a fire, safety hazard or public nuisance	\$15 <u>0</u>
(i) Failure to comply with occupancy requirements	\$250
(j) Conduct activities that are not reasonably incident to mining	\$250
GRAZING ADMINISTRATION 43 CFR § 4140.1 (b) Persons performing the following prohibited acts may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under §4170.1:	
(2) Installing, using, maintaining, modifying, and/or removing range mprovements without authorization	\$150
(3) Cutting, burning, spraying, destroying, or removing vegetation without authorization	\$150
(4) Damaging or removing U.S. property without authorization	\$250
(5) Molesting, harassing, injuring, poisoning, or causing the death of ivestock authorized to graze on these lands	\$250
(6) Littering	\$150
7) Interfering with lawful uses or users	\$250
8) Knowingly or willingly making a false statement or representation in base property certifications, grazing applications, range improvement permit applications, cooperative agreements, actual use reports and/or amendments thereto	\$250
9) Failing to pay any fee required by the authorized officer	\$150
10) Failing to reclaim and repair any lands property or resources when equired	\$250

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WILD FREE ROAMING HORSE AND BURRO MANAGEMENT	j
43 CFR § 4770.1	
The College is a set of season work in its de-	
The following acts are prohibited:	\$250
(a) Maliciously or negligently injuring or harassing a wild horse or burro	\$250
(c) Destroying a wild horse or burro, except as an act of mercy	
(d) Selling a wild horse or burro	\$250
(e) Commercially exploiting a wild horse or burro	\$250
(f) Treating a wild horse or burro inhumanely	\$250
(g) Violating a term or condition of Private Maintenance and Care	\$150
Agreement	#250
(h) Branding a wild horse or burro	\$250
(i) Removing or altering the freeze mark on a wild horse or burro	\$250
(j) Violating an order, term or condition established by the authorized office	r \$250
OFF-ROAD VEHICLES REGULATIONS GOVERNING USE	
43 CFR § 8341.1	
(1) A (2) and (3) below the second fields	#100
(b) Any person operating an off-road vehicle on those areas and trails	\$100
designated as limited shall conform to all terms and conditions of the	
applicable designation orders.	- #200
(c) The operation of off-road vehicles is prohibited on those areas and trails	s \$200
closed to off-road vehicle use.	\$ 50
(d) It is prohibited to operate an off-road vehicle in violation of state laws	\$ 50
and regulations relating to use, standards, registration, operation, and	
inspection of off-road vehicles.	\$ 50
(e) No person may operate an off-road vehicle on public lands without a	1 7
valid operator's license or learner's permit where required by State or Federalaw.	al
(f) No person shall operate an off-road vehicle on public lands:	
(1) In a reckless, careless, or negligent manner;	\$200
	\$5/mph over limit
(2) In excess of established speed limits (for every mile per hour over limit)	\$5/mpn over num
(3) While under the influence of alcohol, narcotics, or dangerous drugs.	\$250
(4) In a manner causing, or likely to cause, significant, undue damage t	
or disturbance of the soil, wildlife, wildlife habitat, improvements, cultural, or	
vegetative resources or other authorized uses of the public lands; and	
(5) During night hours, from a half-hour after sunset to a half-hour	\$ 50
before sunrise, without lighted headlights and taillights.	\$ 50
(g) Drivers of off-road vehicles shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians,	\$ 50
saddle horses, pack trains, and animal-drawn vehicles.	300
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CLOSURES AND RESTRICTIONS 43 CFR § 8364.1(d) Any person who fails to comply with a closure or restriction order under this subpart, may be subject to the penalties provided in § 8360.0-7of this title.	\$100
SANITATION 43 CFR § 8365.1-1	
(b) On all public lands, no person shall, unless otherwise authorized:	
(1) Dispose of any cans, bottles and other nonflammable trash and garbage except in designated places or receptacles;	\$250
(2) Dispose of flammable trash or garbage except by burning in designated places or receptacles;	\$250
(3) Drain sewage or petroleum products or dump refuse or waste other than wash water from any trailer or other vehicle except in places or receptacles provided for that purpose.	\$250
If hazmat	\$500
(4) Dispose of any household, commercial, or industrial refuse or waste brought as such from private or municipal property	\$250
lf hazmat	\$500
(5) Pollute or contaminate water supplies or water used for human	\$250
consumption; lf hazmat	\$500
(6) Use a refuse container or disposal facility for any purpose other than	\$250
for which it is supplied.	· ·
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PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, AND COMFORT	
43 CFR § 8365.1-4	\
(a) No person shall cause a public disturbance or create a risk to other	
persons on public lands by engaging in activities which include, but are not	
limited to, the following:	
(1) Making unreasonable noise;	\$ 50
(2) Creating a hazard or nuisance;	\$100
(3) Refusing to disperse, when directed to do so by an authorized officer;	\$200
(4) Resisting arrest or issuance of citation by an authorized officer	\$200
engaged in performance of official duties; interfering with any Bureau of Land	
Management employee or volunteer engaged in performance of official duties.	
(5) Assaulting or committing a battery upon, or	\$250
(6) Knowingly giving any false or fraudulent report of an emergency	\$250
situation or crime to any BLM employee or volunteer engaged in the	\$250
performance of official duties	
(b) No person shall engage in the following activities on the public lands:	
(1) Cultivating, manufacturing, delivering, distributing or trafficking a	\$500
controlled substance	
(2) Possessing a controlled substance	\$250
WILDFIRE PREVENTION	
43 CFR § 9212.1	
Unless permitted in writing by the authorized officer, it is prohibited on the public lands to:	
(a) Cause a fire, other than a campfire, or the industrial flaring of gas. to be	\$100
ignited by any source;	μ100
(b) Fire a tracer or incendiary device;	\$100
(c) Burn, timber, trees, slash, brush, tundra or grass except as used in	\$100
campfires;	
(d) Leave a fire without extinguishing it, except to report it if it has spread	\$100
beyond control;	
(e) Build, attend, maintain or use a campfire without removing all flammable	\$ 50
material from around campfire adequate to prevent its escape;	
(f) Resist or interfere with the efforts of firefighter(s) to extinguish a fire;	\$250
(g) Enter an area which is closed by a fire prevention order (h) Perform any act restricted by a fire prevention order	\$100
(11) Perform any act restricted by a fire prevention order	\$100

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TAYLOR GRAZING ACT 43 U.S.C. § 315 et seq.	
Under § 2 of the Taylor Grazing Act of 1934, any person who willfully violates the provisions of 43 CFR § 9264, or of approved special rules and regulations is punishable by a fine of \$500. ***OR****	
FEDERAL LAND POLICY AND MANAGEMENT ACT 43 U.S.C. § 1701 et seg.	
Under § 303(a) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, any person who Knowingly and Willfully violates any such regulation which is lawfully issued pursuant to this Act shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned no more that twelve months or both.	
GRAZING ADMINISTRATION 43 CFR § 9264.1	
(a) Allowing livestock or other privately-owned or controlled animals to graze on or be driven across those lands without a permit or lease or in violation of the terms and conditions of a permit or lease, either by exceeding the number of livestock authorized, or by allowing livestock to be on these lands in an area or at a time different from that designated;	\$100
(b) Installing, using, maintaining, modifying, and/or removing range improvements without authorization;	\$100
(c) Cutting, burning, spraying, destroying, or removing vegetation without authorization;	\$ 50
(d) Damaging or removing United States property without authorization;	\$100
(e) Molesting livestock authorized to graze on these lands.	\$100
(f) Littering;	\$ 50
(g) Violating any provision of 43 CFR Part 4700 concerning the protection and management of wild free-roaming horses and burros.	\$100
(h) Violating any Federal or State laws or regulations concerning	\$100 or current CO
conservation or protection of natural and cultural resources or the	Div of Wildlife fine
environment including, but not limited to, those relating to air and water quality, protection of fish and wildlife, plants, and the use of chemical toxicants.	for game/fish
(i) Interfering with lawful uses or users;	\$100
(j) Knowingly or willfully making a false statement or representation in base property certification, grazing applications, and/or amendments thereto.	\$100

•	•
WILD HORSES AND BURROS	1
16 U.S.C. § 1331 et. seq.	
Under § 8 of the Wild Free-Roaming Horse and Burro Act of 1971, any	
person who willfully violates any provisions of the regulations under §,9264.7	
of this title shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$2,000 or imprisonment	•
for not more than 1 year, or both.	
10) Not more than 1 year, or both.	
43 CFR § 9264.7	
(a) In accordance with § 8 of the Wild Free-Roaming Horse and Burro Act,	,
any person who: (Collateral amounts per animal)	
(1) Willfully removing wild horse or burro	\$100
(2) Converts wild horse or burro to private use	\$100
(3) Maliciously causes death or harassment of wild horse or burro	\$100
(4) Processes, or permits to be processed into commercial products, the	\$250
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remains of a wild free roaming horse or burro	\$100
(5) Selling wild horse or burro	
(6) Commercial exploitation	\$100
(7) Causing inhumane treatment	\$100
(8) Using for bucking stock	\$100
(9) Fail to produce for inspection upon written notice	\$100
(10) Fail to notify of death within seven days	\$ 50
(11) Remove, or attempt to remove or alter freeze-mark	\$100
(12) Abandoning wild horse or burro	\$250
(13) Failure to attempt to capture escaped animal	\$100
(14) Accept for slaughter without title	\$250
(15) Failure to retain certificate of title for one year after slaughter or	\$250
destruction	1 222
AMERICAN ANTIQUITIES	\$250
16 USC § 433	1
10 000 X 703	,
Any person who shall engrandets, everythe injury or destroy or historia or	
Any person who shall appropriate, excavate, injure, or destroy an historic or	
prehistoric ruin or monument or any object of antiquity, situated on public	, .
lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States, without	
the permission of the Secretary of the Department of the government having	l
jurisdiction over the lands on which said antiquities are situated, shall, upon	
conviction, be fined in a sum of not more than \$500 or be imprisoned for a	
period of not more than ninety days, or shall suffer both fine and	
imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.	
SURVEY MARKS DESTROYED OR REMOVED	\$250
18 USC § 1858	
Whoever willfully destroye defects changes or removes to spetter store	
Whoever willfully destroys, defaces, changes, or removes to another place	
any section, corner, quarter-section corner, or meander post, on any	
government line of survey, or willfully cuts down any witness tree or any tree	
blazed to mark the line of a Government survey, or willfully defaces, changes,	
or removes any monument or bench mark of any government survey.	

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IN RE SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANTS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 22

Because there is a compelling interest in protecting from public disclosure all search or seizure warrant-related documents until the warrant is executed or becomes un executable and because no less restrictive alternative is practical to protect that interest, the issuing District or Magistrate Judge must maintain the confidentiality of all warrant-related documents until they are delivered to the Clerk for filing. Upon receipt of the return inventory on an executed warrant, or upon expiration of the time specified in the warrant for its execution, the Judge must deliver all warrant-related papers to the Clerk of Court for filing in a miscellaneous warrant file.

In order to request that the Judge seal some or all of the documents in any miscellaneous warrant file, the United States Attorney must submit an *ex parte* motion to seal, along with a proposed Order granting that motion. This motion must state reasonably specific facts which establish that: (a) the government has a compelling interest in sealing the documents in question which outweighs the public's qualified first amendment right of access to review those documents; and (b) no less restrictive alternative to sealing is appropriate or practical. **Ordinarily, such a motion must be filed at the time of application for the warrant**. If grounds to seal arise after the warrant has been issued, the United States may, within seven days after the Clerk has filed the warrant papers, submit an *ex parte* motion to seal and a proposed order. The motion must establish, in addition to the above grounds, that the basis for sealing was not known at the time of the warrant application, despite due diligence.

Because there may be cases in which a person's or other entity's privacy interests rise to the level of a compelling interest sufficient to justify sealing documents in a warrant file, such persons or entities may file a motion to seal, *ex parte*, within seven days after the Clerk has filed the warrant papers.

If no motion to seal has been filed within seven days after the Clerk has filed the warrant papers, the Clerk must open the file to the public for inspection and copying. If a motion to seal is filed, the miscellaneous warrant file must remain sealed until the Judge has ruled on the motion. The Judge must rule on any motion to seal within seven days after the motion is filed. If a motion to seal is denied, the miscellaneous warrant file must remain sealed during the period in which an appeal may be filed.

When the Judge delivers the warrant papers to the Clerk for filing, the Clerk must create and maintain a separate miscellaneous file which must contain the application for the warrant, all supporting affidavits and any return inventory, related motions or orders. The Clerk must also create and maintain a docket sheet, open to the public for inspection and copying, for every miscellaneous warrant file, including files in which an order to seal has been entered. The docket sheet must contain docket entries that describe generally each document in the file and reflect the number of pages of each such document. If the Judge enters an order granting a motion to seal, the Clerk must maintain all documents within the scope of the order to seal in a sealed miscellaneous file.

Any person or other entity seeking to challenge the grounds supporting an order to seal documents contained in a miscellaneous warrant file must submit a motion, directed to the Magistrate Judge or District Judge who signed the warrant, stating specific grounds supporting the release of the sealed documents. In opposing such a motion, the party who obtained the order to

seal has the burden of establishing that a compelling interest justifies a restriction of the public's

qualified first amendment right of access to the documents in question and that no less restrictive

alternative to sealing is appropriate or practical. In appropriate cases, the Judge may conduct an

in camera hearing to develop the facts necessary to determine whether a compelling interest

justifies sealing the documents in question. If the Judge concludes that the documents should

remain under seal, the Judge will enter an order under seal containing specific findings that explain

why sealing is necessary and why no less restrictive alternatives are practical or appropriate. The

Clerk must open any sealed miscellaneous warrant file after a related indictment or information is

filed.

DATED this 20th day of September, 2001.

/s/ Susan Webber Wright

SUSAN WEBBER WRIGHT, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Amended November 10, 2009

Amended June 1, 2010

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IN THE MATTER OF FILING OF CIVIL RIGHTS CASES UNDER TITLE VII (42 USC 2000e)

GENERAL ORDER NO. 29

The recent Supreme Court decision in <u>Baldwin County Welcome Center v. Brown</u> prohibits the tolling of the time for filing the Complaint in a Title VII (42:2000e) case upon the filing of the right-to-sue letter. This Court has experienced some procedural problems in the expeditious filing of these cases since the plaintiff usually waits until the deadline approaches to bring in his right-to-sue letter, and normally has a Motion to Proceed In Forma Pauperis (IFP) attached to the letter. Unless the Court gives an immediate ruling on the Motion to Proceed IFP, the 90-day time limit will expire, thus denying plaintiff his day in court.

In order to more expeditiously process these Title VII (42:2000e) cases through the filing stage, the Court hereby adopts the following procedures:

A. WHEN THE RIGHT-TO-SUE LETTER IS BROUGHT IN PERSONALLY BY PLAINTIFF:

- The Clerk will inquire if plaintiff desires to proceed IFP and desires to have counsel appointed.
- 2. If answered affirmatively, the Clerk will provide plaintiff with the necessary forms for requesting leave to proceed IFP and the support affidavit. If plaintiff desires the Court to appoint counsel that form will also be provided.
- 3. A form of Complaint under Title VII will be furnished to plaintiff who will complete the form and return it to the Clerk immediately. The right-to-sue letter is to be attached to the Complaint.

- 4. The Clerk is hereby given authority to approve the petition to proceed as a pauper, and promptly file the Complaint. Upon review of the petition, if it is determined by the Judge to whom the case is assigned that the plaintiff is not a pauper and the Complaint was erroneously filed, he/she will notify the plaintiff to pay the statutory filing fee or the Complaint will be dismissed.
- The assigned Judge will rule on the pending Motion for Appointment of Counsel.
- 6. The Clerk's office should make no effort to determine if the Complaint is filed within 90 days from receipt of the right-to-sue letter.
- 7. This procedure eliminates the setting up of a miscellaneous file for this proceeding.

B. WHEN THE RIGHT-TO-SUE LETTER ONLY IS RECEIVED BY MAIL:

- 1. The Clerk will file stamp the right-to-sure letter and set up a miscellaneous case file.
- 2. The Clerk will promptly (meaning the same day) send to plaintiff the forms to proceed IFP, request for Appointment of Counsel, and the form for Complaint. The Clerk shall mail these documents with a transmittal letter explaining the importance of filing the Complaint within the 90-day time period, and that plaintiff will be in a danger of losing his right to proceed under Title VII if the Complaint is not timely filed. A copy of the letter will be placed in the miscellaneous file.

The Complaint, IFP form, and Motion for Appointment of Counsel should all be cross-referenced with the miscellaneous case file number in order to retrieve the right-to-sue letter when the completed forms are returned.

3. Upon receipt of the completed forms set out in paragraph 2 above, the Clerk and assigned Judge will follow the procedures outlined in paragraph A4 through A6 above.

IT IS SO ORDERED THIS 7th day of January, 1991.

FOR THE COURT:

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele

G. THOMAS EISELE, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE MATTER OF THE PRACTICE OF EX-LAW CLERKS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32

General Order No. 31, dated June 6, 1986, is hereby set aside.

Effective the 1st day of July 1985, no person who was employed as a law clerk by and for any judge of this Court shall, directly or indirectly, participate in any contested proceeding before that judge for the period of two (2) years after said person's termination of employment as such law clerk. This prohibition is also personal to the judge involved and will not disqualify any other judge of this Court from handling any such matter. The Clerk of this Court will keep a record on the ex-law clerks of each judge. In the event a contested proceeding participated in by an ex-law clerk during the prohibited period is, by the draw, assigned to the judge for whom, and under whose direction, said law clerk previously worked, then that judge will be deemed to have automatically recused himself or herself, and the Clerk, without further instructions, will redraw the case until it falls to another non-disqualified judge.

This Order shall also apply to the ex-law clerks of the United States Magistrates except with regard to routine pre-trial appearances in criminal cases.

Further, this Order shall also apply to the law clerks of United States Bankruptcy Judges EXCEPT that the prohibited period will be one year rather than two years and EXCEPT that there shall be no prohibited period for persons whose employment as bankruptcy law clerks terminated prior to the date of this Order or to those persons currently employed as bankruptcy law clerks.

The latter exception is provided inasmuch as the bankruptcy law clerks currently employed accepted their positions when no prohibited period applied in regard to them.

DATED this 25th day of June, 1986. NUNC PRO TUNC July 1, 1985, except in regard to law clerks for United States Bankruptcy Judges as set forth above.

FOR THE COURT:

/s/ Garnett Thomas Eisele
G. THOMAS EISELE, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE MATTER OF AUTHORIZATION FOR PRETRIAL SERVICES TO CONDUCT URINALYSES IN CONNECTION WITH PRETRIAL SERVICES INVESTIGATIONS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 37

Section 7304 of the Anti Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (Pub. L. No. 100-690, 102 Stat. 4464 (November 18, 1988)) created a two year demonstration drug testing program, requiring, inter alia, drug testing of criminal defendants to be completed, where feasible, prior to the defendants' appearance before judicial officers. The Eastern District of Arkansas was selected by the Judicial Conference as one of the eight districts to participate in the program.

That pilot program commenced on January 1, 1989, and terminated by operation of the statute on December 31, 1990. The Court has been advised, however, that the Administrative Office of the United States Courts will provide funding to test criminal defendants prior to their initial appearances for those demonstration districts that choose to continue the program pending congressional action on a permanent and national testing program.

The Court has considered its experience with the pretrial drug testing pilot program over the two years of its operation and finds that the program has resulted in the judicial officers of this district receiving important, relevant, and timely information that permitted those officers to make more informed pretrial release decisions under the provisions of 18 U.S.C. Section 3142.

The program's operation has not only resulted in more informed pretrial release decisions but has also made the identification of defendants with special problems possible. In many instances it has resulted in much needed help for defendants who want it.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Probation Office for the Eastern District of

Arkansas be, and it is hereby, authorized to continue performing urinalyses for criminal defendants

accused of drug manufacture, possession, or distribution prior to their initial appearance before the

judicial officers of this district and that the results of those tests be included in the pretrial services

report presented to those officers. In all other cases, a pretrial services officer shall contact the

duty magistrate judge to determine whether the defendant shall be tested.

DATED this 13th day of November, 1991.

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner

STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE

U. S. DISTRICT COURT

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IN THE MATTER OF IMPLEMENTATION OF LOCAL RULE 6 ON CASE ASSIGNMENTS IN THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 39

- (a) All actions and proceedings shall be assigned by a random selection process, except as specifically set out in section (b) of this rule.
- (b) Civil cases shall be assigned directly to a particular judge only in the following circumstances:
 - (1) Voluntary Nonsuit. When the plaintiff takes a voluntary nonsuit in a case and subsequently refiles that same case, the clerk will assign it to the judge who handled it at the time of the entry of the nonsuit order. The refiled complaint shall contain a brief paragraph identifying, by style and case number, the former proceedings in which the voluntary nonsuit was entered and the name of the judge handling the case when the voluntary nonsuit order was entered.
 - (2) Bankruptcy Jury Trials. When a party to a bankruptcy case demands a jury trial, the randomly drawn district judge who determines that there is a bona fide jury issue shall be assigned the case directly.
 - (3) <u>Habeas Corpus</u> Petitions. Once a <u>habeas corpus</u> petition has been randomly assigned, all successive petitions emanating from the same state criminal proceeding on which the first petition was based shall be assigned directly to the judge/magistrate who handled the first petition.
 - (4) Civil Cases Attacking Federal Sentence. Civil cases, filed pursuant

to 28 U.S.C. § 2255, attacking a sentence imposed by a federal court shall be assigned directly to the sentencing judge in the criminal case.

(5) Related Cases. There may be rare situations in which a party believes a new civil case should be directly assigned to a particular judge because the new case is closely related to a prior closed case and the assignment thereof to a different judge would result in a significant waste of judicial time. If a plaintiff believes judicial economy requires such a direct assignment, he or she should so indicate by a separate pleading to be entitled "Notice of Related Case" to be filed contemporaneously with the complaint and served with the complaint upon the defendant(s).

The Notice of Related Case shall identify, by style and case number, the prior case and shall contain a brief statement setting out why judicial economy dictates direct assignment to a particular judge. When a plaintiff files such a pleading, the new case shall be tentatively assigned to the judge who handled the prior case. The adverse party(ies) shall have fourteen days after receiving the "Notice of Related Case" within which to file a brief statement opposing such "related case" assignment. After reviewing the cases and the submissions of the parties to determine whether the cases are closely related and whether such non-random assignment is likely to result in significant savings of judicial resources, the judge assigned the new case may, in his or her sole discretion, decide either to keep the new case or to notify the clerk to assign the new case by random draw. The decision of the judge is final and not subject to review.

If a party other than the plaintiff believes a new case should be directly assigned to a judge who handled a prior closely related case, that party should file a "Notice of Related Case" with its first pleading and serve a copy thereof on all other parties. Such other

parties shall have fourteen days after receiving such "Notice of Related Case" within which to file a brief statement opposing such "related case assignment. The clerk shall submit a copy of the complaint, the first pleading together with the Notice of Related Case and any responses thereto to the judge who presided over the prior case. After reviewing the cases and the submissions of the parties to determine whether they are closely related and whether such non-random assignment is likely to result in significant savings of judicial resources, the judge in the prior case may, in his or her sole discretion, notify the clerk to leave the random case assignment as it is, or to transfer the case to his or her docket as a related case. The decision of the judge is final and not subject to review.

- (6) Civil Forfeiture. When a civil forfeiture action arises out of a previously filed criminal case, the clerk shall directly assign the civil forfeiture action to the judge who handled the criminal case.
- (c) Consolidation of Civil Cases. Any party to a civil case may move for consolidation of pending cases. If such motion is granted, the consolidation cases will be assigned to the judge with the lower (lowest) case number.
- (d) Criminal Cases. Criminal cases shall be assigned solely on a random selection basis. In no event shall any criminal case or proceeding be directly assigned to a judge as a related case. However, any party to a criminal case may move for consolidation of pending cases. If such motion is granted, the consolidated cases will be assigned to the judge with the lower (lowest) case number.
- (e) No person shall take any action designed to cause the assignment of any proceeding to a particular judge contrary to the provisions of this rule. The method of assignment shall assure the identity of the assigned judge will not be disclosed by the clerk, the clerk's staff, nor by any

other person, until after filing. It shall also be designed to prevent any litigant from choosing the

judge to whom an action or proceeding is to be assigned. Any attempt by any attorney to vary

this intent shall constitute grounds for discipline, including disbarment. Any act by any employee

of this Court done for the purpose of causing the assignment of any case or proceeding contrary to

the provisions of this rule shall be considered a proper basis for immediate discharge.

It is hereby ORDERED this 4th day of May, 2001.

/s/ Susan Webber Wright

SUSAN WEBBER WRIGHT, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Amended November 10, 2009

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IN THE MATTER OF PRESENTENCE REPORTS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 43

Pursuant to the authority granted by amended Rule 32(e)(3) (formerly Rule 32(b)(6)(A)),

FRCrP, effective December 1, 1994, the court opts out of the probation officer's recommendation

disclosure provision. Unless otherwise directed by order of a judge of this court, the probation

officer's recommendation, if any, on the sentence shall remain confidential and shall not be

disclosed.

DATED this 19th day of December, 1994, nunc pro tunc December 1, 1994.

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner

STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE MATTER OF THE AUTHORITY OF BANKRUPTCY JUDGES TO CONDUCT

JURY TRIALS IN CERTAIN CIVIL PROCEEDINGS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 44

It appears to the Court that the "Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994" (H.R. 5116) enacted on

October 22, 1994, amends 28 U.S.C. § 157 by adding a new subsection (e) to empower a

bankruptcy judge to conduct a jury trial, provided that the bankruptcy judge is specially designated

to exercise such jurisdiction by the District Court and further provided all parties expressly

consent.

Specifically, 28 U.S.C. § 157(e) provides as follows:

If the right to a jury trial applies in a proceeding that may be heard under this section by a bankruptcy judge, the bankruptcy judge may conduct the jury trial if specially designated

to exercise such jurisdiction by the district court and with the express consent of all the

parties.

Based on the foregoing, and if the right to a jury trial exists and applies in a civil proceeding

that may be heard under 28 U.S.C. § 157 by a bankruptcy judge, this Court specially designates

that the bankruptcy judges of this Judicial District may exercise such jurisdiction by the District

Court and conduct jury trials with the express consent of all the parties.

DATED this 13th day of November, 1995.

BY THE COURT:

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner

STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE MATTER OF RULE F-1 OF THE RULES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS FOR THE EASTERN AND WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 45

The reference of prisoner petitions covered by Rule 72.1 (VIII) (B) (formerly Rule F-1 (VIII) (B) (1)) of the Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern and Western Districts of Arkansas shall include conditions cases filed by federal prisoners.

DATED this 17th day of December, 1996.

FOR THE COURT:

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner
STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE MATTER OF THE REFUND OF CASH BONDS RECEIVED IN CRIMINAL AND CIVIL CASES

GENERAL ORDER NO. 46

The Clerk is authorized, upon the final completion of each case, to refund to the appropriate party cash bail in criminal matters and cash bonds for costs in civil cases.

It is SO ORDERED this 10th day of March, 1997.

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner
STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF INTERNET POLICY FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 47

The following shall be the Internet policy of this Court:

- 1. **PURPOSE.** The purpose of this bulletin is to provide guidance for "acceptable use" of the Internet by Court employees.
- 2. **SCOPE.** This bulletin applies to all Court employees who use the Internet in the performance of their jobs.
- 3. **RESPONSIBILITY.** With the increased use of Internet services throughout the Judiciary, it is important that these tools are used properly and in the best interests of the government. Since no two employees will use the Internet in exactly the same way, each user will have to exercise individual responsibility and judgment as to appropriate use within the broad guideline of "official business." Judicial Officers and Unit Executives are responsible for determining which of their staff require Internet access to carry out their jobs; providing required computer systems, software, and security devices; and, training on the proper use of the Internet. Copies of this Bulletin should be provided to each staff member who either has or requests Internet access.

4. WHAT USERS SHOULD KNOW ABOUT INTERNET AND INTERNET E-MAIL.

The Internet is an informal collection of government, military, commercial, and educational computer networks. It is essential that users understand some of the limitations of the Internet and the Internet e-mail system including security and delivery of an e-mail message.

The Internet is an **unsecured** network. As such, information and e-mail on the Internet can be read, broadcasted, or published without the knowledge or consent of the author. Users should be aware that cc:Mail is converted to e-mail and may be sent via the Internet. Consequently, cc:Mail should be treated with the same precautions as e-mail. Most sites maintain records of all users or entities accessing their resources. These records may be open to inspection and publication without the user's knowledge or consent. If the activity of the user is other than official business, the publication of that activity could prove to be an embarrassment for the Court and the entire federal Judiciary.

Internet e-mail traffic is subject to inspection by a variety of persons and mechanisms, authorized and otherwise. Authorized personnel on any node between the origin and destination of a message may have to inspect message contents in order to dispatch stalled deliveries or resolve other failures. Users should not expect the messages they send or receive via the Internet to be private. Delivery and delivery times are not guaranteed due to unpredictable intermediary system and network outages, slowdowns, and polling intervals, etc. Consequently, users should not rely on Internet e-mail for time-sensitive communications or guaranteed delivery. Some messages may not be delivered although the message was correctly addressed. Receipt or non-receipt can only be confirmed through other positive means, not by inference or assumption. **Note**: the cc:Mail "Receipt Requested" feature may not be honored by systems on the Internet. Users should not rely on this feature for Internet e-mail.

Delivery and response times on the Internet, as well as the DCN, are determined by traffic and congestion on the network. For example, sending large files such as digital images to a large number of recipients will delay other traffic and may overload the system causing failure. Users are encouraged to use discretion when forwarding large e-mail messages to group addresses or

distribution lists. Congestion on the network can be caused by the propagation of "chain letters" and "broadcasting" of lengthy messages to lists or individuals. These uses also place a burden on the shared data storage device of the e-mail post office.

Internet e-mail access grants users the ability to subscribe to a variety of e-mail news groups, list servers, and other sources of information. These services are a potentially valuable information tool for some e-mail users; but again, the potential for network congestion is high. Users should be cautioned on the widespread use of mailing lists and list servers. In general, low-volume business related lists will not be a problem.

Users should focus on one subject per message and always include a pertinent subject title for the message to enable the reader to locate the message quickly. Remember the basic elements of effective writing: clarity, brevity, and courtesy. Users should be reminded they bear sole responsibility for material they send, access, or display on the Internet or in Internet e-mail.

5. **PROCEDURES.** The following procedures should be followed to ensure that employees use the Internet safely and productively, and that the Internet is not used in any way that could compromise the interests of the judiciary. These guidelines apply to all Internet services, including but not limited to: electronic mail (e-mail), Web browsers, Telnet, and File Transfer Protocol (FTP).

Access to Internet: Employees with a valid need to use the Internet should secure written approval of their Judicial Officer or Unit Executive by including their name, purpose of Internet access, estimated hours per month use, and that they understand that access is provided for official government purposes only. The Judicial Officer or Unit Executive should forward their approval to the Systems Department for connection. Government-provided Internet access is subject to being withdrawn at the discretion of the Judicial Officer or Unit Executive.

<u>Monitoring</u>: The Systems Department will not monitor the Internet activity log for compliance with acceptable use policies unless requested by a Judicial Officer or requested by a Unit Executive and approved by the Chief Judge of the district.

Responsible Internet Policies: The Internet allows employees to have electronic discussions of official government matters with other federal employees, private sector employees, and the worldwide general public. The Internet audience is virtually unlimited, and because one never knows who will read posted messages, care should be taken with what is said and how it is said. Connection to the Internet offers employees significant benefits in terms of increased access to information resources. However, connection to the Internet is a privilege and not a right.

When accessing the Internet, employees must adhere to the same code of ethics that governs all other aspects of judiciary employee activity. Internet activity should not interfere with performance of official duties. Staff are encouraged to use the Internet to accomplish job responsibilities, to become more knowledgeable about Internet capabilities, and further the Court's mission.

Each Judicial Officer or Unit Executive may permit designated staff to use the Internet on personal time. Such use provides staff with an opportunity to practice Internet skills and explore Internet resources. Our Court benefits by permitting staff to use their own time to develop these skills. In the current environment of shrinking budgets and the need for staff to take on new and greater responsibilities, and develop new areas of expertise, use of the Internet can be an important avenue for training and development of skills. Since the Court pays one flat fee for all Internet access, there is no additional cost for personal use of the Internet.

This policy allowing staff members to use the Internet on personal time is similar to our existing policy of allowing staff to use library collections and other resources on personal time and

has similar benefits. Just as a staff member who takes books home, visits the library, and participates in court events learns about the institution and acquires skills to become a better employee, a staff member who makes use of the Internet on personal time enhances his or her knowledge and skills of electronic information resources and gains skills in information technology. This use also enhances job-related knowledge and skills and provides cost-effective self-training opportunities. By encouraging employees to explore the Internet, the Court builds its pool of Internet-literate staff who can then guide and encourage those around them. With this in mind, staff is encouraged to use official time to attend meetings and programs related to the Internet and to serve as trainers for other staff who may wish to use the Internet.

Employees may not use the Internet for prohibited activities. Employees are expressly forbidden from creating unauthorized satellite home pages or other similar works and are cautioned to use great care that no statements are made which may appear to express agency policy or position which are not authorized. Prohibited activities are:

- 1. making unauthorized statements regarding agency policies or practices;
- 2. transmitting confidential information (such as that relating to ongoing investigations, procurements, or litigation);
- 3. making unauthorized commitments or promises that might be perceived as binding the government;
- 4. using subscription accounts or commercial services that are not expressly authorized;
- 5. posting an unauthorized home page or similar web site;
- 6. engaging in chat room discussions through e-mail, etc.;

7. sending or displaying messages or pictures that are of an obscene or sexually explicit nature as defined in <u>Miller v. California</u> 413 U.S. 15, 23 (1972) or Ark. Code Ann.

(1987) §5-68-302(4);

8. using the network connection for commercial purposes or private gain;

9. using the network for illegal activities;

10. unauthorized personal use.

11. Improper use or distribution of information is also prohibited. This includes

copyright violations such as software piracy (Copyright law protects software authors and

publishers just as patent law protects inventors. The Court may incur a legal liability for

unauthorized copying of files or software even if the copy is used for official business).

Employees should show respect for intellectual property and creativity by giving

appropriate credit when files or portions of files are used while carrying out official duties.

Employees should be mindful of procurement sensitive information and should not transmit it over

the Internet.

Judicial Officers, of course, occupy a special position in our system, which position

necessitates that they enjoy the utmost autonomy. This means, by necessity, their Internet access

must be protected by complete confidentiality, as with their research on Westlaw and Lexis. In

order to protect the confidentiality of Internet research by Judicial Officers, no monitoring of

judges' Internet activity shall be attempted by any court employee. Any violation of their rule

shall result in immediate termination from employment.

It is SO ORDERED this 28th day of May, 1997.

/s/ Stephen M. Reasoner

STEPHEN M. REASONER, CHIEF JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

6

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN RE: APPOINTMENT OF THE FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

IN ANCILLARY MATTERS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 49

The following procedures are hereby established to authorize the appointment of the

Federal Public Defender in ancillary maters pursuant to the Amended Criminal Justice Act Plan of

the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas.

The Federal Public Defender Office is hereby appointed on ancillary matters appropriate

to the proceedings in which the Federal Public Defender was previously appointed pursuant to an

Order of this Court-provided it is apparent to the Federal Public Defender that no change in the

client's financial condition has occurred which would render the person financially ineligible for

appointment of counsel under the Criminal Justice Act and provided that the matter at hand will

require substantial work by counsel and is significant enough to warrant appointment of counsel.

If at any time during the representation in the ancillary matter, the Federal Public Defender obtains

information that a client is financially able to make payment, in whole or in part, for legal or other

services in connection with the representation, and the course of the information is not protected

as a privileged communication, the Federal Public Defender shall advise the Court.

This General Order shall serve to authorize the Federal Public Defender to provide

assistance of counsel to financially eligible persons in ancillary matters even though the initial

appointment of the Federal Public Defender has otherwise terminated due to the conclusion of the

matter for which the Federal Public Defender was originally appointed. Prior to the appearance

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in this court or any new matter filed against a Defendant, the Federal Public Defender shall present to the Court a financial affidavit completed by the client to be represented.

DATED this 10th day of March, 1999.

/s/ Susan Webber Wright
SUSAN WEBBER WRIGHT, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN RE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

GENERAL ORDER NO. 50

Purpose. In accordance with the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 1998, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas has established an alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) program. This program is designed to afford litigants an opportunity to reach a satisfactory resolution of disputes before litigation.

The ADR Administrator. The Clerk of Court is appointed "ADR Administrator." While attached administratively to the Clerk's office, the ADR Administrator reports directly to the Chief Judge of this Court. The ADR Administrator must:

- (1) Prepare any applications for funding for the ADR program by the United States

 Government and other entities, and prepare reports required by the United States

 Government or other parties on the use of funds in the operation and evaluation of the ADR program;
- (2) Develop and maintain such forms, records, docket controls, and data as may be necessary to administer and evaluate the program, and,
- (3) Periodically evaluate the ADR program and submit the resulting evaluation to the Court, along with any recommendations for changes, if needed.

The ADR Program. On the date of the enactment of the Alternate Dispute Resolution Act of 1998, the Court had an ADR program, the provision of settlement conferences conducted by a United States Magistrate Judge who has been trained to serve as a neutral in alternative dispute

resolution processes. Upon examination and review, the existing program is adopted as the ADR process of the court.

- (1) Exempted cases. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the following cases are excluded from the program:
 - (a) Appeals from rulings of administrative agencies;
 - (b) Social Security Cases;
 - (c) Bankruptcy appeals;
 - (d) Habeas corpus and extraordinary writs; and
 - (e) Prisoner civil rights cases.

Consideration of the Alternative Dispute Resolution process. Litigants in all civil cases, except as exempted above, shall consider the use of the Alternative Dispute Resolution process provided by this Court at an appropriate stage in the litigation.

Procedure:

- (1) This district's United States Magistrate Judges are authorized to conduct settlement conferences in each civil case other than those cases exempted above. Such settlement conferences may be conducted if all parties consent to the same, or if all parties so request and the district judge assigned to the case believes that such would be useful.
- (2) All settlement conferences will be conducted at such times and under the procedures as may be established by the respective United States Magistrate Judges.
- (3) The rules governing disqualification, as set forth in 28 U.S.C. 455 and Canon 3 of

Code of Conduct for the United States Judges, will apply to a Magistrate Judge to whom a case is referred.

Confidentially. Communications of litigants, attorneys and magistrate judges during the ADR process are confidential, and disclosure of these communications is prohibited. However, the magistrate judge shall be permitted to inform the presiding judge and/or Clerk's office of the outcome of the process.

Other ADR Processes. The litigants must not be prohibited or discouraged from utilizing other ADR processes to assist in the resolution of issues in controversy, such as mediation, minitrial, and arbitration. However, these procedures are not available in this Court's ADR program.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 31ST day of July, 2000.

/s/ Susan Webber Wright
SUSAN WEBBER WRIGHT, CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Amended August 16, 2012

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURES EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 1, 2000

GENERAL ORDER NO. 51

The Court has determined that the amendments to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure which are effective December 1, 2000, should be applied to all cases in which a defendant has not made an appearance as of December 1, 2000.

This Order supersedes General Order 42 entered February 22, 1994.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 30th day of November, 2000.

/s/ Susan Webber Wright

SUSAN WEBBER WRIGHT, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SUSPENDED UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

GENERAL ORDER 52

Prosecution of any petty offense initiated by citation or violation notice and processed through the Central Violations Bureau must be commenced in the District Court only upon the filing of an information, which will supersede the citation or violation notice issued to the defendant. When a defendant appears pursuant to a summons or an arrest warrant issued with an information, the Court will proceed in accordance with Fed. R. Crim. P. 58.

Leave of Court is granted to the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas to file with the Clerk of this Court or with the Central Violations Bureau dismissals of citations or violation notices, charging petty offenses, issued by law enforcement officers, and thereupon the prosecutions of those cases in this Court and in the Central Violations Bureau will be terminated.

This general order is intended to leave discretion with the United States Attorney as to what offenses should be prosecuted. It is an attempt to ensure that limited resources of the Agencies, United States Attorney, the United States Marshal and the Court be brought to bear on the prosecution of more meaningful violations.

IT IS SO ORDERED, this 6th of July, 2005.

Chief Judge, Eastern District of Arkansas

Dun Will Winds

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CASE MANAGEMENT/ELECTRONIC CASE FILING (CM/ECF)

AMENDED GENERAL ORDER 53

The CM/ECF Administrative Policies and Procedures Manuals for Civil and Criminal Filings have been approved by the Court. It is recognized that these Manuals may require occasional revisions, which will be made as necessary with the approval of the Court.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 1st day of December, 2018.

BRIAN S. MILLER, CHIEF JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES IN THE COURTHOUSE

AMENDED GENERAL ORDER NO. 54

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1. Electronic devices are prohibited in courthouses beyond the security checkpoint except as allowed by this General Order and Local Rule 83.2.
- 2. The prohibition in paragraph 1 does not apply to the possession of electronic devices by employees and visiting employees of courthouse tenant agencies and contractors approved by the General Services Administration.
- 3. Members of the public may bring into a courthouse cell phones, Blackberries and PDA type devices that do not have the capacity to take photographs or to make films. However, each cell phone, Blackberry or PDA type device must be turned off and put away before a person carrying it enters into a courtroom and must remain off and remain put away while in the courtroom.
- 4. Lawyers and staff employed by the Department of Justice or the Federal Public Defender's Office may bring cell phones, laptop computers, Blackberries and PDA type devices into courthouses whether or not those devices have the capacity to take photographs or make films.
- 5. Upon request, the Court may issue an order authorizing other lawyers, their staff or support personnel, and law enforcement officers attending a proceeding to bring cell phones, laptop computers, Blackberries, and PDA type devices into a courthouse

while attending the proceeding whether or not those devices have the capacity to take photographs or films. An order authorizing a lawyer, his/her staff or support personnel, or law enforcement officer to bring an electronic device into a courthouse will identify the person so authorized by name and specify the date or dates during which permission is granted. That person must then present the order and a photo I.D. to Court Security Personnel at the security checkpoint. A person who is allowed an electronic device into a courthouse pursuant to this paragraph, and has subsequent court hearings within the courthouse on the same day, will be allowed to retain the electronic device during his or her time at the courthouse.

- 6. Active attorneys licensed to practice in Arkansas and the Eastern District of Arkansas may request issuance of a "Court Technology Permit" by the Clerk of Court. The permit card will be effective for two years. The Clerk will issue the permit card to those attorneys who make written request when paying their biennial assessment. The permit card will contain the attorney's name, firm, city, state and Arkansas bar number. If an attorney presents a permit card and a photo identification upon entering the courthouse, he or she will be allowed to bring cell phones, lap tops, Blackberries and PDA type devices into the courthouse whether or not those devices have the capacity to take photos or make film. In the event an attorney's permit is lost, the attorney should notify the Clerk's office as soon as possible.
- 7. A person who brings an electronic device into a courthouse pursuant to paragraphs 4, 5, and 6 above will be subject to the following rules:
 - (a) that person may not record, photograph, or film anyone or anything inside the courthouse;
 - (b) cell phones, Blackberries or PDA type devices must be turned off and put away when in courtrooms; and

(c) wireless internet components of electronic devices must be deactivated

when in district courtrooms.

The United States Marshals Service is hereby directed to enforce this General Order. A

violation of paragraph 7(a), (b), or (c) may result in seizure of the electronic device,

withdrawal of the privilege to bring an electronic device into the courthouse, or other

sanctions. A violation of the prohibition on recording, photographing, or filming anyone or

anything inside the courthouse may be punished as contempt of court.

8. Before persons with electronic devices are granted entry into the courthouse,

all devices must be examined by the United States Marshals Service or Court Security

Personnel. This examination includes, but is not limited to placing the device through

electronic screening machines and requiring the person possessing the device to turn the

power to the device off and on.

9. The United States Marshals Service may further restrict electronic devices

from entering the building should a threat assessment so dictate.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 16th of April, 2009.

J. LEON HOLMES, CHIEF JUDGE

3

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF IMPLEMENTATION OF LOCAL RULE 67.1 ON DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF REGISTRY FUNDS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 55

The Court, has determined that it is necessary to adopt local procedures to ensure uniformity in the deposit and investment of funds in the Court's Registry.

IT IS ORDERED that the following shall govern the receipt, deposit, and investment of registry funds:

- I. Receipt of Funds.
 - A. No money shall be sent to the Court or its officers for deposit in the Court's registry without a court order signed by the presiding judge in the case or proceeding.
 - B. The party making the deposit or transferring funds to the Court's registry shall serve the order permitting the deposit or transfer on the Clerk of Court.
 - C. Unless provided for elsewhere in this Order, all monies ordered to be paid to the Court or received by its officers in any case pending or adjudicated shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States in the name and to the credit of this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2041 through depositories designated by the Treasury to accept such deposit on its behalf.
- II. Investment of Registry Funds.
 - A. Where, by order of the Court, funds on deposit with the Court are to be placed in some form of interest-bearing account or invested in a court-approved interest-bearing instrument in accordance with Rule 67 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court Registry Investment System ("CRIS"), administered by the

- Administrative Office of the United States Courts under 28 U.S.C. § 2045, shall be the only investment mechanism authorized.
- B. Interpleader funds deposited under 28 U.S.C. § 1335 meet the IRS definition of a "Disputed Ownership Fund" (DOF), a taxable entity that requires tax administration. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, interpleader funds shall be deposited in the DOF established within the CRIS and administered by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, which shall be responsible for meeting all DOF tax administration requirements.
- C. The Director of Administrative Office of the United States Courts is designated as custodian for CRIS. The Director or the Director's designee shall perform the duties of custodian. Funds held in the CRIS remain subject to the control and jurisdiction of the Court.
- D. Money from each case deposited in the CRIS shall be "pooled" together with those on deposit with Treasury to the credit of other courts in the CRIS and used to purchase Government Account Series securities through the Bureau of Public Debt, which will be held at Treasury, in an account in the name and to the credit of the Director of Administrative Office of the United States Courts. The pooled funds will be invested in accordance with the principles of the CRIS Investment Policy as approved by the Registry Monitoring Group.
- E. An account for each case will be established in the CRIS Liquidity Fund titled in the name of the case giving rise to the investment in the fund. Income generated from fund investments will be distributed to each case based on the ratio each account's principal and earnings has to the aggregate principal and income total in the fund after the CRIS fee has been applied. Reports showing the interest earned and the principal amounts contributed in each case will be prepared and distributed

to each court participating in the CRIS and made available to litigants and/or their counsel.

For each interpleader case, an account shall be established in the CRIS Disputed Ownership Fund, titled in the name of the case giving rise to the deposit invested in the fund. Income generated from the fund investments will be distributed to each case after the DOF fee has been applied and tax withholdings have been deducted from the fund. Reports showing the interest earned and the principal amounts contributed in each case will be available through the FedInvest/CMS application for each court participating in the CRIS and made available to litigants and/or their counsel. On appointment of an administrator authorized to incur expenses on behalf of the DOF in a case, the case DOF funds should be transferred to another investment account as directed by court order.

III. Fees and Taxes

- A. The custodian is authorized and directed by this Order to deduct the investment services fee CRIS fee of an annualized 10 basis points on assets on deposit for all CRIS funds, excluding the case funds held in the DOF, for the management of investments in the CRIS. According to the Court's Miscellaneous Fee Schedule, the CRIS fee is assessed from interest earnings to the pool before a pro rata distribution of earnings is made to court cases.
- B. The custodian is authorized and directed by this Order to deduct the DOF fee of an annualized 20 basis points on assets on deposit in the DOF for management of investments and tax administration. According to the Court's Miscellaneous Fee Schedule, the DOF fee is assessed from interest earnings to the pool before a pro rata distribution of earnings is made to court cases. The custodian is further

authorized	and	directed	by th	is	Order	to	withhold	and	pay	federal	taxes	due	or
behalf of th	e D0	OF.											

This Order supersedes and abrogates all prior orders of this Court regarding the deposit and investment of registry funds.

It is SO ORDERED this ______ day of ______ April ____, 2017.

/s/ Brian S. Miller

BRIAN S. MILLER, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

IN THE MATTER OF ATTORNEY ADMISSIONS

AND PRO HAC VICE FEES

GENERAL ORDER NO. 56

Effective September 1, 2013, the Eastern and Western District of Arkansas will suspend

the \$10 Biennial Assessment until further notice because of the adoption of new fee schedules for

Attorney Admissions and Pro Hac Vice Applications. The funding associated with these new fees

will be collected and deposited to the Library Fund. Fees deposited to the Library Fund will be

utilized in a manner consistent with Local Rule 83.6.

It is SO ORDERED this 20th day of August, 2013.

/s/ Brian S. Miller

BRIAN S. MILLER, CHIEF JUDGE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS



AUG 1 5 2019

JAMES W MCCORMACK, CLERK By: Dic DEPOLERY

IN RE: FINANCIAL AFFIDAVITS PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT

GENERAL ORDER NO. 57

In order to provide the assistance of counsel to criminal defendants who have indicated that they cannot afford to pay a lawyer, and to obtain complete and reliable financial information, the Court directs the Federal Public Defender or court-appointed CJA counsel to assist all potentially eligible defendants with the preparation of a financial affidavit (Form CJA 23). The completed affidavit should be filed with the Court before the defendant's initial appearance. If that is impracticable, the completed affidavit must be filed no later than ten days after the Court provisionally appoints counsel.

SO ORDERED.

D. P. MARSHALL JR. CHIEF JUDGE

15 August 2019

FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

SEP 2 6 2019

JAMES W. MCCORMACK, CLERK By: ____

DEP CLERK

IN RE: INTERSTATE AGREEMENT ON DETAINERS ACT WAIVERS

GENERAL ORDER NO. 58

When a federal detainer is, or is expected to be, filed for a defendant serving a sentence in a non-federal jurisdiction for unrelated crimes, that defendant has the right to remain in federal custody until final disposition of the federal charges. Interstate Agreement on Detainers Act (IADA), 18 U.S.C. app. § 2 Art. IV(e). Defendants may waive their rights under the IADA, however, by filing a valid Notice of Waiver of Rights under the Interstate Agreement on Detainers Act.

If a defendant files a Notice of Waiver that is signed by the defendant, defense counsel, and a lawyer from the U.S. Attorney's office, the U.S. Marshal is authorized to return the defendant to the jurisdiction with original custody without further order of the court. After returning a defendant to state or local custody, the U.S. Marshal must file a Detainer with that custodial authority, which will constitute a hold on the defendant.

SO ORDERED.

D. P. MARSHALL JR.
CHIEF JUDGE

26 september 2019



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JAMES W. McCORMACK, CLERK FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS By:

DEP CLERK

IN RE: APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL FOR A DEFENDANT UNDER SUPERVISION WHO IS INDICTED ON A NEW FEDERAL CHARGE

GENERAL ORDER NO. 59

This General Order addresses issues that arise when a defendant under supervision in a federal case is indicted on a new federal charge. If appointed counsel is needed, the same lawyer will be appointed to represent the defendant in the revocation proceedings and on the new indictment. To promote judicial economy, the same district judge will preside over all these related cases. The new case will be assigned to the district judge presiding in the older or oldest case, if practicable. Otherwise, the Clerk will randomly assign the new case and reassign the older case or cases to the selected judge. The defendant's initial appearance on the revocation petition is referred to the magistrate judge who presides over the defendant's initial appearance on the new indictment.

SO ORDERED.

D.P. MARSHALL JR. CHIEF JUDGE

16 Janvary 2020